



JSC “Research and Production Center  
“Phytochemistry”

**CATALOGUE OF  
REFERENCE  
STANDARDS FOR  
DRUG SUBSTANCES**

**2025**

**UDC 547.91: 577.1**

**LBC 84.44**

**S 18**

**English**

**Catalogue of reference standards for drug substances / S.M. Adekenov, D.K. Nurkadirov.** - Karaganda: Glasir, - 2025. – 40 p.

The catalogue provides information on 41 reference standards for drug substances (monoterpeneoids, sesquiterpene lactones, alkaloids, flavonoids, ecdysteroids and their derivatives) derived from natural sources at JSC “Research and Production Center “Phytochemistry”. Each reference standard is accompanied by an analytical passport (certificate of analysis), IR-, UV-,  $^1\text{H}$ -,  $^{13}\text{C}$ -NMR spectroscopy and mass spectrometry data. The reference standards for drug substances presented in the catalogue are intended for step-by-step quality control of pharmaceutical production from plant raw materials to the finished dosage form according to GMP standards.

The catalogue is designed for the specialists working in the area of bioorganic chemistry and chemistry of natural compounds, standardization and quality control of drugs, as well as employees of analytical laboratories of research institutes, centers and chemical-pharmaceutical enterprises.

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Recommended for publication by the decision of the Academic Council of JSC “Research and Production Center “Phytochemistry” (Minutes No. 1 dated April 27, 2022)

**UDC 547.91:577.1**

**LBC 84.44**

**ISBN 978-601-7921-44-6**

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## INTRODUCTION

JSC “Research and Production Center “Phytochemistry” (hereinafter - JSC “RPC “Phytochemistry”) is one of the leading developers of original drugs based on biologically-active compounds from plant raw materials.

The main activity of JSC “RPC “Phytochemistry” is to provide scientific and technological support for the development of the domestic pharmaceutical industry and to develop and implement original drugs for pharmaceutical production.

According to GMP standards, stage-by-stage quality control of production from plant raw materials to finished dosage form using reference standards of drug substances is required.

The Republican Bank of Samples of Drug Substances at JSC “RPC “Phytochemistry” is constantly being replenished with new samples of natural compounds and their derivatives. Information on new plant substances and their derivatives can be found on the official website of the JSC “RPC “Phytochemistry” [www.phyto.kz](http://www.phyto.kz).

JSC “RPC “Phytochemistry” presents a new Catalogue of reference standards for drug substances 2022.

Each reference standard is accompanied by an analytical passport (certificate of analysis). The purity of samples is 98-99% according to HPLC and GC-MS.

Additional characteristics about the quality of a reference standard with confirmed identity and assigned purity (including chromatographic purity, water content, residual solvents and inorganic impurities) can be requested by email to [info@phyto.kz](mailto:info@phyto.kz) (Subject of the email: Request for additional information on Catalogue of Reference Standards for Drug Substances).

We hope that our product range will meet your expectations. The list of drug substances is regularly being expanded based on new research.

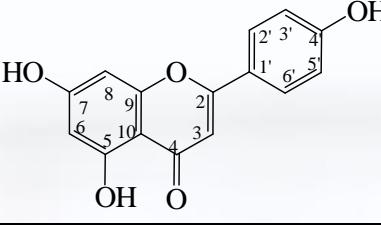
## REFERENCE STANDARDS FOR DRUG SUBSTANCES

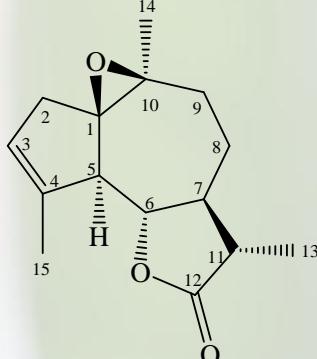
### Allapinin hydrobromide

	CAS#	97792-45-5
	Synonyms:	[4-(N-Acetylantraniloxy)-8,9-dihydroxy-1 $\alpha$ ,14 $\alpha$ ,16 $\beta$ -trimethoxy-N-ethyl-18-noraconane hydrobromide], [Lappaconitine hydrobromide]
	Gross formula:	C <sub>32</sub> H <sub>45</sub> Br N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>8</sub>
	Molecular weight:	665.6 g/mol
	HPLC Purity:	$\geq$ 98.5%
<b>IR-spectrum (cm<sup>-1</sup>)</b>  <b>UV-spectrum (nm)</b>	Melting Point:	225-226 °C
	White crystalline substance	
<sup>1</sup> H and <sup>13</sup> C NMR spectra	3554, 3528 (OH), 3293, 3223 (NH), 3011, 2979, 2934, 2881, 2816 (C-H), 1698 (C=O), 1635 (C=C), 1604, 1586, 1519, 1449, 1319, 1271 (C-H), 1132, 1083, 1041 (C-O), 969, 765.	
	223±2, 253±2, 312±2	
<sup>1</sup> H and <sup>13</sup> C NMR spectra	<sup>1</sup> H NMR (500 MHz, C <sub>2</sub> D <sub>6</sub> OS, ppm, J1, 2, 3...n/Hz): 1.2 (3H, d, J=7.2, CH <sub>3</sub> -22); 1.66 (1H, d, J=14.9, H-6 $\beta$ ); 1.75 (1H, t, J=13.0, H-3 $\beta$ ); 2.01-1.95 (1H, m, H-12 $\beta$ ); 2.01-1.99 (1H, m, H-15 $\beta$ ); 2.08-2.11 (1H, m, H-10); 2.13-2.10 (1H, m, H-7); 2.14-2.12 (1H, m, H-2 $\beta$ ); 2.06 (3H, s, CH <sub>3</sub> -CONH-2'); 2.26-2.25 (1H, m, H-2 $\alpha$ ); 2.35-2.25 (1H, m, H-13); 2.26 (1H, d, J=7.6, H-21 $\beta$ ); 2.58 (1H, d, J=7.6, H-21 $\alpha$ ); 2.41-2.38 (1H, m, H-3 $\alpha$ ); 2.78 (1H, dd, J=15.3, 7.3, H-6 $\alpha$ ); 3.07-3.04 (1H, m, H-5); 3.08-3.05 (1H, m, H-15 $\alpha$ ); 3.16-3.09 (1H, m, H-12 $\alpha$ ); 3.18-3.15 (1H, m, H-1); 3.20-3.19 (1H, m, H-16), 3.25 (3H, s, 1-CH <sub>3</sub> O), 3.28 (3H, s, 16-SH <sub>3</sub> O), 3.38 (3H, s, 14-CH <sub>3</sub> O), 3.5 (1H, s, H-17); 3.87 (1H, d, J=8.4, H-14), 3.56 (1H, c, H-19 $\alpha$ ), 2.52 (1H, c, H-19 $\beta$ ); 7.17 (1H, ddd, J=8.0, 1.1, H-5'); 7.55 (1H, dd, J=8.8, 1.5, H-6'); 7.79 (1H, dd, J=8.4, H-4'); 7.92 (1H, d, J=8.4, H-3'); 8.31 (1H, c, 8-OH), 10.33 (1H, s, H at N).	
	<sup>13</sup> C NMR (125.76 MHz, C <sub>2</sub> D <sub>6</sub> OS ppm): 10.78 (q, C-22); 21.81 (t, C-6); 23.14 (q, CH <sub>3</sub> -CONH-2'); 24.88 (t, C-2); 26.84 (t, C-12); 28.43 (t, C-3); 36.22 (d, C-13); 41.84 (t, C-15); 42.44 (d, C-7); 47.21 (d, C-5); 49.46 (d, C-10); 49.48 (t, C-21); 50.72 (s, C-11); 56.15 (t, C-19); 56.22 (q, OCH <sub>3</sub> -16); 56.59 (q, OCH <sub>3</sub> -1); 57.78 (q, OCH <sub>3</sub> -14); 61.66 (d, C-17); 74.20 (s, C-8); 77.09 (s, C-9); 80.26 (d, C-16); 80.60 (d, C-1); 82.65 (s, C-4); 89.22 (d, C-14); 120.56 (c, C-1'); 122.56 (d, C-3'); 124.06 (d, C-5'); 131.07 (d, C-6'); 134.21 (d, C-4'); 166.20 (c, C=O-1'); 168.99 (s, C=O-NH-2').	
Biological activity	Possesses antiarrhythmic activity.	
References	Ahmad M., Ahmad W., Ahmad M., Zeeshan M., Obaidullah, Shaheen F. Norditerpenoid alkaloids from the roots of <i>Aconitum heterophyllum</i> Wall with antibacterial activity// Journal of Enzyme Inhibition and Medicinal Chemistry. – 2008. – Vol. 23, No 6. – P. 1018–1022. doi:10.1080/14756360701810140	

	<p>Stolyaruk V.N., Tsorin I.B., Vititnova M.B., Nikiforova T.D., Murinov Yu.I., Yunusov M.S., Kryzhanovsky S.A. Comparative study of the antiarrhythmic activity of lappaconitine hydrobromide and the compound LMG-124 on the model of aconitine arrhythmia// Pharmacokinetics and Pharmacodynamics. – 2017. – No 2. – P. 12 – 15.</p> <p><a href="https://cyberleninka.ru/article/n/sravnitelnoe-izuchenie-antiaritmicheskoy-aktivnosti-lappakonitina-gidrobromida-i-soedineniya-lmg-124-na-modeli-akonitinovoy-aritmii/viewer">https://cyberleninka.ru/article/n/sravnitelnoe-izuchenie-antiaritmicheskoy-aktivnosti-lappakonitina-gidrobromida-i-soedineniya-lmg-124-na-modeli-akonitinovoy-aritmii/viewer</a></p>
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Anabasine hydrochloride	
	<p>CAS#</p> <p>Synonyms: [3-(piperidin-2-yl)pyridine hydrochloride]</p> <p>Gross formula: C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>15</sub>ClN<sub>2</sub></p> <p>Molecular weight: 198.69 g/mol</p> <p>HPLC Purity: ≥98,0%</p> <p>Melting Point: 194-195 °C</p> <p>Colorless crystalline substance</p>
IR-spectrum (cm <sup>-1</sup> )	2954, 2907, 2804, 2803 (C-H), 2478(-N+<), 2382, 2103, 1645 (C=C), 1595, 1577, 1484, 1427, 1332, 1297, 1193, 1026 (C-N), 1009, 945, 915, 806, 711, 616.
UV-spectrum (nm)	204±2; 259±2
<sup>1</sup> H and <sup>13</sup> C NMR spectra	<sup>1</sup> H NMR (500 MHz, D <sub>2</sub> O, ppm, J1, 2, 3...n/Hz): 1.50-1.67 (2H, m, H-5α, H-5β); 1.81-1.96 (4H, m, H-3α, H-3β, H-4α, H-4β); 3.05 (1H, ddd, J=9.56, 6.50, 3.06, H-6α); 3.37 (1H, d, J=13.0, H-6β); 4.21 (1H, dd, J=12.23, 3.06, H-2); 7.38 (1H, dd, J=7.64, 4.97, H-5'); 7.81 (1H, d, J=8.0, H-4'); 8.40 (1H, d, J=4.20, H-6'); 8.44 (1H, s, H-2'). <sup>13</sup> C NMR (125.76 MHz, D <sub>2</sub> O, ppm): 21.50 (t, C-4); 22.16 (t, C-5); 28.98 (t, C-3); 45.64 (t, C-6); 58.28 (d, C-2); 124.7 (d, C-5'); 132.8 (s, C-3'); 136.13 (d, C-4'); 147.70 (d, C-6'); 149.66 (d, C-2').
Biological activity	Possesses anticholinesterase activity.
References	<p>Wojciechowska-Nowak M., Boczon W., Rychlewska U., Warżajtis B. Spectroscopy and crystal structure of anabasine salts// Journal of Molecular Structure. – 2007. – Vol. 840, No 1-3. – P. 44–52. doi:10.1016/j.molstruc.2006.11.037  <a href="https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S0022286006008878">https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S0022286006008878</a></p> <p>Tilyabaev Z., Abduvakhabov A.A. Alkaloids of <i>Anabasis aphylla</i> and their cholinergic activities// Chemistry of Natural Compounds. – 1998. – Vol. 34, No 3. – P. 295–297. doi:10.1007/bf02282405  <a href="https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/BF02282405">https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/BF02282405</a></p>

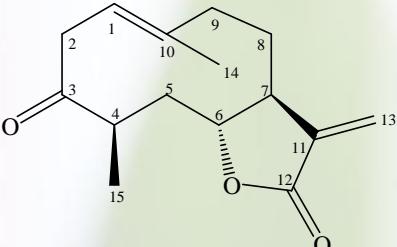
Apigenin	
	CAS# 520-36-5 Synonyms: [4',5,7-trihydroxyflavone] Gross formula: C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>10</sub> O <sub>5</sub> Molecular weight: 270.24 g/mol HPLC Purity: ≥99,0% Melting Point: 341-343 °C Yellow powdery substance
IR-spectrum (cm <sup>-1</sup> )	3283 (OH), 3092, 2919, 2850, 2617, 1652 (C=O), 1607, 1588, 1557, 1501 (C=C), 1444, 1399, 1354, 1297, 1269, 1163, 1115, 1030, 907.
UV-spectrum (nm)	212±2; 269±2; 338±2
<sup>1</sup> H and <sup>13</sup> C NMR spectra	<sup>1</sup> H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> , ppm, J1, 2, 3...n/Hz): 6.70 (1H, d, J=2.1, H-6); 6.76 (1H, d, J=2.1, H-8); 6.87 (1H, s, H-3); 7.16-7.14 (2H, m, J=9, H-3', H-5'); 7.89-7.86 (2H, m, H-2', H-6'); 11.43 (1H, s, OH-4'); 12.3 (1H, s, OH-5); 12.5 (1H, s, OH-7); <sup>13</sup> C NMR (125,76 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> , ppm): 94.69 (d, C-6); 99.83 (d, C-8); 103.73 (d, C-3); 104.81 (s, C-10); 116.69 (d, C-3', C-5'); 122.10 (s, C-1'); 128.76 (d, C-2', C-6'); 158.36 (s, C-4'); 162.55 (s, C-7); 163.01 (s, C-2); 164.34 (s, C-9); 165.72 (s, C-5); 182.61 (s, C-4).
Biological activity	Possesses antitumor activity
References	Markham K.R., Ternai B., Stanley R., Geiger H., Mabry T.J. Carbon-13 NMR studies of flavonoids—III// Tetrahedron. – 1978. – Vol.34, No 9. – P.1389–1397. doi:10.1016/0040-4020(78)88336-7 <a href="https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/0040402078883367">https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/0040402078883367</a> Wei H., Tye L., Bresnick E., Birt F.D. Inhibitory effect of apigenin, a plant flavonoid, on epidermal ornithine decarboxylase and skin tumor promotion in mice// Cancer Research. – 1990. – Vol. 50, No 3. – P. 499-502 <a href="https://cancerres.aacrjournals.org/content/50/3/499.short">https://cancerres.aacrjournals.org/content/50/3/499.short</a>

Arborescin	
	CAS# Synonyms: [1R,3S,6S,7S,10S,11R]-3,7,12-trimethyl-2,9-dioxatetracyclo[9.3.0.01,3.06,10]tetradec-12-en-8-one] Gross formula: C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>20</sub> O <sub>3</sub> HPLC Purity: 248.32 g/mol Melting Point: ≥99,0% Melting Point: 139-142°C White crystalline substance
IR-spectrum (cm <sup>-1</sup> )	3056, 3008, 2967, 2948, 2926, 2868, 2852, 2831 (C-H), 1766 (Carbonyl group of γ-lactone), 1654 (C=C), 1456, 1444, 1379, 1367, 1348, 1285, 1244, 1223, 1187, 1178, 1126, 1113, 1102, 1065, 1029 (epoxy cycle).

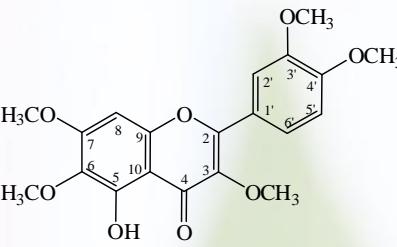
UV-spectrum (nm)	200±2
<sup>1</sup> H and <sup>13</sup> C NMR spectra	<p><sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, ppm, J/Hz): 1.18 (3H, d, J=6.9, CH<sub>3</sub>-13); 1.33 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub>-14); 1.45 (1H, m, H-8β); 1.64 (1H, m, H-8α); 1.76 (1H, m, H-7); 1.93 (3H, br.s, CH<sub>3</sub>-15); 2.08 (1H, m, H-9β); 2.14 (1H, m, H-2β); 2.18 (1H, m, H-9α); 2.76 (1H, m, H-2α); 2.95 (1H, d, J=10.0, H-5); 3.15 (1H, dq, J=12.3, 6.9, H-11); 4.02 (1H, t, J = 10.0, H-6); 5.55 (1H, s, H-3).</p> <p><sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, ppm): 16.1 (q, C-13), 22.0 (t, C-8), 26.4 (q, C-14), 26.5 (q, C-15), 37.1 (t, C-9), 43.3 (t, C-2), 44.5 (d, C-11), 55.9 (d, C-7), 58.1 (d, C-5), 66.1 (s, C-10), 76.0 (s, C-1), 86.2 (d, C-6), 128.4 (d, C-3), 144.3 (s, C-4), 182.2 (s, C-12).</p>
Biological activity	Possesses cytotoxicity
References	<p>Adekenov S.M. Chemical study of <i>Artemisia austriaca</i> Jacq. //International Journal of Biology and Chemistry. – 2021. – Vol. 14, No 1. – P. 156-163.  <a href="https://doi.org/10.26577/ijbch.2021.v14.i1.017">doi.org/10.26577/ijbch.2021.v14.i1.017</a>  <a href="https://ijbch.kaznu.kz/index.php/kaznu/article/view/538">https://ijbch.kaznu.kz/index.php/kaznu/article/view/538</a></p> <p>Tursunbekova A.E., Li K.G., Zhangabylov N.S., Adekenov S.M. Biomodification of sesquiterpene lactone of arborescine by a bacterial recombinant strain// Biotechnology in Russia. – 2004. – No 3. – P. 29–33.  <a href="https://elibrary.ru/item.asp?id=8822306">https://elibrary.ru/item.asp?id=8822306</a></p>

Arglabin	
	<p>CAS#</p> <p>84692-91-1</p> <p>Synonyms:</p> <p>[1(10)-Epoxy-5,7α,6β(H)-guaia-3(4),11(13)-diene-6,12-olide]</p> <p>Gross formula:</p> <p>C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>18</sub>O<sub>3</sub></p> <p>Molecular weight:</p> <p>246.31 g/mol</p> <p>HPLC Purity:</p> <p>≥99,0%</p> <p>Melting Point:</p> <p>100-102 °C</p> <p>Colorless crystalline substance</p>
IR-spectrum (cm <sup>-1</sup> )	2999, 2940, 2925, 2851 (C-H), 1765 (Carbonyl group of γ-lactone), 1665 (C=C), 1432, 1408, 1379, 1333, 1307, 1281, 1254, 1222, 1199, 1155, 1135, 1111, 1091, 1063 (epoxy cycle).
UV-spectrum (nm)	203±2
<sup>1</sup> H and <sup>13</sup> C NMR spectra	<p><sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, ppm, J1, 2, 3...n/Hz): 1.33 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub>-14); 1.52-1.43 (1H, m, H-8β); 1.83 (1H, dd, J=5.01, 2.51, H-8α); 1.95 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub>-15); 2.04-1.97 (1H, m, H-9β); 2.14-2.10 (1H, m, H-2β); 2.21-2.15 (1H, m, H-9α); 2.27-2.23 (1H, m, H-7); 2.79-2.73 (1H, m, H-2α); 2.95-2.90 (1H, dq, J=11.20, 1.07, H-5); 3.98 (1H, dd, J=10.74, 9.74, H-6); 5.40 (1H, d, J=3.37, H-13α); 5.55 (1H, dd, J=4.50, 2.65, 1.72, H-3); 6.12 (1H, d, J=3.37, H-13β).</p> <p><sup>13</sup>C NMR (125,76 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, ppm): 18.31 (q, C-15); 21.49 (t, C-2); 22.84 (q, C-14); 33.49 (t, C-8); 39.75 (t, C-9); 51.06 (d, C-7); 52.86 (d, C-5); 62.77 (s, C-1); 72.58 (s, C-10); 82.96 (d, C-6);</p>

	118.39 (t, C-13); 124.98 (d, C-3); 139.15 (s, C-11); 140.57 (s, C-4); 170.55 (s, C-12).
Biological activity	Possesses antitumor activity
References	<p>Adekenov S.M., Mukhametzhanov M.N., Kagartilitskii A.D., Kupriyanov A.N. Argabin – a new sesquiterpene lactone from <i>Artemisia glabella</i>// Chemistry of Natural Compounds. – 1982. – Vol. 18, No 5. – P. 623-624. doi: 10.1007/BF00575063.  <a href="https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/BF00575063">https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/BF00575063</a></p> <p>Zhangabylov N.S., Dederer L.Y., Gorbacheva L.B., Vasil'eva S.V., Terekhov A.S., Adekenov S.M. Sesquiterpene lactone argabin influences DNA synthesis in P388 leukemia cells <i>in vivo</i>// Pharmaceutical Chemistry Journal. – 2004. – Vol.38, No 12. – P. – 651–653. doi:10.1007/s11094-005-0052-9.  <a href="https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/s11094-005-0052-9">https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/s11094-005-0052-9</a></p>

<p><b>Argolide</b></p> 	
	<p>Synonyms: [3-Keto-4(R),6(R),7(S)-germacra-1(10)E,11(13)-diene-6,12-olide]</p>
	<p>Gross formula: C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>20</sub>O<sub>3</sub></p>
	<p>Molecular weight: 248.32 g/mol</p>
	<p>HPLC Purity: ≥99,0%</p>
	<p>Melting Point: 133-135 °C</p>
	<p>Colorless crystalline substance</p>
IR-spectrum (cm <sup>-1</sup> )	2999, 2966, 2928, 2870, 2850 (C-H), 1760 (Carbonyl group of γ-lactone), 1706 (C=O), 1663 (C=C), 1455, 1404, 1387, 1358, 1342, 1324, 1269, 1241, 1222, 1162, 1128, 1107, 1094, 1058, 1009, 971.
UV-spectrum (nm)	206±2
<sup>1</sup> H and <sup>13</sup> C NMR spectra	<p><sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, ppm, J1, 2, 3...n/Hz): 1.12 (3H, d, J=6.7, CH<sub>3</sub>-15); 1.32-1.24 (1H, m, H-5α); 1.60-1.54 (1H, m, H-8α); 1.64 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub>-14); 1.99-1.88 (1H, m, H-8β); 2.08-2.12 (1H, m, H-5β); 2.40-2.30 (2H, m, H-9α, H-9β); 2.70 (1H, d, J=10.9, H-7); 2.90-2.80 (1H, m, H-4); 3.31-3.00 (2H, m, H-2α, H-2β); 3.66 (1H, dd, J=11.4, 2.4, H-6); 5.60-5.53 (1H, m, H-1); 5.67 (1H, d, J=1.2, H-13α); 6.24 (1H, d, J=1.6, H-13β).</p> <p><sup>13</sup>C NMR (125.76 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, ppm): 15.89 (q, C-14); 18.48 (q, C-15); 34.89 (t, C-8); 39.86 (t, C-5); 39.95 (d, C-4); 40.24 (t, C-9); 42.60 (t, C-2); 43.90 (d, C-7); 81.82 (d, C-6); 117.15 (d, C-1); 123.21 (t, C-13); 140.33 (s, C-11); 141.59 (s, C-10); 170.03 (s, C-12); 208.12 (s, C-3).</p>
Biological activity	Possesses antibacterial activity
References	<p>Adekenov S.M., Aituganov K.A., Raldujin V.A., Gatilov Yu.V., Bagryanskaya I.Yu., Pentegova V.A. Argolid - a new sesquiterpene lactone from <i>Artemisia glabella</i> // Bull. of AS Kazakh SSR (ser. of chem.). – 1989. - No 6. - P. 79-87.</p> <p>Adekenov S.M., Aituganov K.A., Turdybekov K.M., Lindeman S.V., Struchkov Yu.T. Molecular and crystal structure of germacranolide argolide from <i>Artemisia glabella</i> // Chemistry of natural compounds. – 1991. – Vol. 27, No 5. – P. 653-657.  <a href="https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/BF00630358">https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/BF00630358</a></p>

	Adekenov S.M., Abdykalykov M.A., Sadykova V.I., Bukenova R.G., Kagarlitsky A.D. Fungicidal and antimicrobial activity of natural terpenoid compounds// Russian Institute of Research and Technical Information. Deposited in VINITI. – 1985. – No 85. – P. 13.
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Artemisetin	
	CAS# 479-90-3
	Synonyms: [5-Hydroxy-2,6,7,3',4'-pentamethoxyflavone], [Eriantin], [Quercetagetin 3,6,7,3',4'-pentamethyl ether], [Artemitin]
	Gross formula: C <sub>20</sub> H <sub>20</sub> O <sub>8</sub>
	Molecular weight: 388.37 g/mol
	HPLC Purity: ≥99,0%
	Melting Point: 167-169 °C Yellow powdery substance
IR-spectrum (cm <sup>-1</sup> )	3015 (OH), 2951, 2924 (OCH <sub>3</sub> ), 2852, 1665, 1646 (C=O), 1589, 1557, 1511 (C=C), 1412, 1266, 1219, 1153, 1099, 1001, 931.
UV-spectrum (nm)	256±2; 273±2; 348±2
<sup>1</sup> H and <sup>13</sup> C NMR spectra	<sup>1</sup> H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> , ppm, J1, 2, 3...n/Hz): 3.84 (3H, s, OCH <sub>3</sub> -3); 3.91 (3H, s, OCH <sub>3</sub> -6); 3.95 (3H, s, OCH <sub>3</sub> -7); 3.96 (6H, s, OCH <sub>3</sub> -3', OCH <sub>3</sub> -4'); 6.48 (1H, s, H-8); 6.97 (1H, d, J=8.5, H-5'); 7.67 (1H, d, J = 2.1, H-2'); 7.71 (1H, dd, J = 8.5, 2.1, H-6'); 12.50 (1H, s, OH). <sup>13</sup> C NMR (125.76 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> , ppm): 56.09 (q, OCH <sub>3</sub> -7); 56.17 (q, OCH <sub>3</sub> -3); 56.42 (q, OCH <sub>3</sub> -6); 60.28 (q, OCH <sub>3</sub> -3'); 60.97 (q, OCH <sub>3</sub> -4'); 90.43 (d, C-8); 106.66 (s, C-10); 111.32 (d, C-5'); 111.93 (d, C-2'); 122.24 (d, C-6'); 122.96 (s, C-1'); 132.36 (s, C-6); 138.90 (s, C-3); 148.85 (s, C-4'); 151.47 (s, C-5); 151.48 (s, C-3') 152.40 (s, C-9); 155.99 (s, C-2); 158.86 (s, C-7); 178.96 (s, C-4).
Biological activity	Possesses antioxidant activity
References	Herz W. Notes-Isolation of 5-Hydroxy-3,6,7,3',4'-pentamethoxyflavone from <i>Kuhnia eupatorioides</i> L. var. pyramidalis // The Journal of Organic Chemistry. – 1961. – Vol. Vol. 26, No 8. – P. 3014–3015. doi:10.1021/jo01066a624 <a href="https://pubs.acs.org/doi/pdf/10.1021/jo01066a624">https://pubs.acs.org/doi/pdf/10.1021/jo01066a624</a> Seidakhmetova R.B., Romanova M.A., Mukusheva G.K., Seitembetov T.S., Adekenov S.M. Antioxidant activity of natural flavonoids and their derivatives // Immunopathology, Allergology, Infectology. – 2018. – No 2. – P. 32-35. <a href="https://www.elibrary.ru/download/elibrary_36997033_2934522_3.pdf">https://www.elibrary.ru/download/elibrary_36997033_2934522_3.pdf</a>

Artemisinin		
	CAS#	63968-64-9
	Synonyms:	[3R- (3 $\alpha$ ,5 $\alpha$ $\beta$ ,6 $\beta$ ,8 $\alpha$ $\beta$ ,9 $\alpha$ ,12 $\beta$ ,12aR)]-Octahydro-3,6,9-trimethyl-3,12-epoxy-12H-pyrano[4,3-j]-1,2-benzodioxepin-10(3H)-one, [Arteannuin], [Qinghaosu], [Qingosu], [Artemisinin].
	Gross formula:	C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>22</sub> O <sub>5</sub>
	Molecular weight:	282.33 g/mol
	HPLC Purity:	$\geq$ 99,0%
IR-spectrum (cm <sup>-1</sup> )	Melting Point:	150-153 °C
	Colorless crystalline substance	
UV-spectrum (nm)		
	203±2	
<sup>1</sup> H and <sup>13</sup> C NMR spectra		<sup>1</sup> H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> , ppm, J1, 2, 3...n/Hz): 0.99 (3H, s, CH <sub>3</sub> -16); 1.03-1.08 (1H, m, H-7 $\alpha$ ); 1.08-1.10 (1H, m, H-8 $\alpha$ ); 1.15 (3H, d, J=7.30, CH <sub>3</sub> -15); 1.38 (3H, s, CH <sub>3</sub> -14); 1.39-1.36 (1H, dd, J=10.74, 6.16, H-5 $\alpha$ ); 1.43-1.39 (1H, m, H-6); 1.44 (1H, m, H-5A); 1.73-1.78 (1H, m, H-8A); 1.79-1.75 (1H, m, H-8 $\alpha$ ); 1.89-1.84 (1H, m, H-8 $\beta$ ); 2.03-1.96 (1H, m, H-5 $\beta$ ); 2.10-2.04 (1H, m, H-4 $\beta$ ); 2.45 (1H, dd, J=13.07, 3.87, H-4 $\alpha$ ); 3.38-3.28 (1H, m, H-9); 6.0 (1H, s, H-12).
		<sup>13</sup> C NMR (125.76 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> , ppm): 11.59 (q, C-15); 18.85 (q, C-16); 22.86 (t, C-8); 24.12 (t, C-5); 24.69 (q, C-14); 32.86 (d, C-9); 33.46 (t, C-7); 35.57 (t, C-4); 37.06 (d, C-6); 44.57 (d, C-8A); 50.05 (d, C-5A); 79.62 (s, C-12A); 94.34 (d, C-12); 105.25 (s, C-3); 173.38 (s, C-10).
Biological activity	Possesses antimalarial activity	
References	Tu Y. From <i>Artemisia annua</i> L. to artemisinins. The discovery and development of artemisinins and antimalarial agents; Elsevier Science: San Diego, CA, USA, 2017. <a href="https://www.elsevier.com/books/from-artemisia-annua-l-to-artemisinins/tu/978-0-12-811655-5">https://www.elsevier.com/books/from-artemisia-annua-l-to-artemisinins/tu/978-0-12-811655-5</a>	

Austricin		
	CAS#	10180-88-8
	Synonyms:	[Deacetylmatricarin], [8-Deacetylmatricarin].
	Gross formula:	C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>18</sub> O <sub>4</sub>
	Molecular weight:	262.3 g/mol
	HPLC Purity:	$\geq$ 99,5%
	Melting Point:	150-151°C

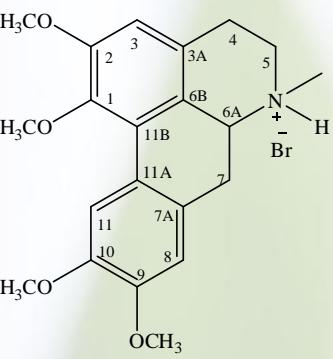
	White crystalline powder
IR-spectrum ( $\text{cm}^{-1}$ )	3533 (OH), 3510, 3358, 2999, 2959, 2928, 2906, 2877 (C-H), 1768 ( $\gamma$ -lactone carbonyl), 1681, 1637, 1616 (dienone fragment), 1450, 1433, 1380, 1297, 1170.
UV-spectrum (nm)	257±2
$^1\text{H}$ and $^{13}\text{C}$ NMR spectra	$^1\text{H}$ NMR (500 MHz, $\text{CDCl}_3$ , ppm, J1, 2, 3...n/Hz): 1.44 (3H, d, J=7.0, $\text{CH}_3$ -13); 2.12 (1H, dt, J=11.5, 10.0, H-7); 2.25-2.21 (1H, m, H-9 $\beta$ ); 2.41 (3H, s, $\text{CH}_3$ -14); 2.51-2.58 (1H, m, H-9 $\alpha$ ); 2.78 (1H, dd, J=11.0, 7.4, H-11); 2.88 (3H, s, $\text{CH}_3$ -15); 3.37 (1H, d, J=10.0, H-5); 3.64 (1H, t, J=10.6, H-8); 3.73 (1H, t, J=10.1, H-6); 6.15 (1H, s, H-3). $^{13}\text{C}$ NMR (125,76 MHz, $\text{CDCl}_3$ , ppm): 15.6 (q, C-13); 20.0 (q, C-14); 21.8 (q, C-15); 41.4 (d, C-8); 49.1 (d, C-11); 51.7 (t, C-9); 61.5 (d, C-5); 69.6 (d, C-7); 81.1 (d, C-6); 133.0 (s, C-1); 135.7 (d, C-3); 145.8 (s, C-10); 170.3 (s, C-4); 177.8 (s, C-12); 195.7 (s, C-2).
Biological activity	Possesses hypolipidemic activity.
References	Adekenov S. M. Chemical study of <i>Artemisia austriaca</i> Jacq. //International Journal of Biology and Chemistry. – 2021. – Vol. 14, No 1. – P. 156-163. doi.org/10.26577/ijbch.2021.v14.i1.017 <a href="https://ijbch.kaznu.kz/index.php/kaznu/article/view/538">https://ijbch.kaznu.kz/index.php/kaznu/article/view/538</a> Syrov V.N., Tursunova N.V., Islamova J.I. Comparative hypolipidemic and antisclerotic activity of sesquiterpene lactones leukomizin, austricin and badhyzin// Central Asia Journal of Medicine. – 2019. - Vol. 2018, Iss. 2. - P. 95-104. <a href="https://uzjournals.edu.uz/tma/vol2018/iss2/8/">https://uzjournals.edu.uz/tma/vol2018/iss2/8/</a>

Achillin		
	CAS#	5956-04-7
	Synonyms:	[ <i>(3R,3aS,9aS,9bS)-3,3a,4,5,9a,9b-Hexahydro-3,6,9-trimethylazuleno[4,5-b]furan-2,7-dione</i> ].
	Gross formula:	$\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{18}\text{O}_3$
	Molecular weight:	246.30 g/mol
	HPLC Purity:	≥99,0%
	Melting Point:	144-145 °C
	White powder	
IR-spectrum ( $\text{cm}^{-1}$ )	2967, 2935, 2918, 2894, 2879, 2864 (C-H), 1777 (Carbonyl group of $\gamma$ -lactone), 1680, 1617, 1633 (dienone fragment), 1461, 1435, 1386, 1363, 1322, 1259, 1213, 1199, 1166, 1154, 1133, 1044, 983.	
UV-spectrum (nm)	256±2	
$^1\text{H}$ and $^{13}\text{C}$ NMR spectra	$^1\text{H}$ NMR (500 MHz, $\text{CDCl}_3$ , ppm, J1, 2, 3...n/Hz): 1.22 (3H, d, J=7.73, $\text{CH}_3$ -13); 1.41 (1H, dd, J=12.5, 1.58, H-8 $\alpha$ ); 1.87-1.81 (1H, m, H-8 $\beta$ ); 2.41 (3H, s, $\text{CH}_3$ -14); 2.27 (3H, s, $\text{CH}_3$ -15); 2.31 (1H, dt, J=14.5, 6.0, 1.72, H-9 $\alpha$ ); 2.41-2.40 (1H, m, H-9 $\beta$ ); 2.47-2.42 (1H, m, H-7); 2.69 (1H, q, J=7.73, H-11); 3.40 (1H, d,	

	$J=9.88$ , H-5); 3.79 (1H, t, $J=10.31$ , H-6); 6.15 (1H, br. s, H-3). $^{13}\text{C}$ NMR (125,76 MHz, $\text{CDCl}_3$ , ppm): 10.04 (q, C-13); 19.91 (q, C-15); 21.65 (q, C-14); 23.68 (t, C-8); 37.69 (t, C-9); 39.45 (d, C-11); 52.05 (d, C-7); 53.02 (d, C-5); 83.58 (d, C-6); 131.84 (s, C-1); 135.63 (d, C-3); 152.29 (s, C-10); 170.21 (s, C-4); 178.60 (s, C-12); 196.06 (s, C-2)
Biological activity	Possesess hypolipidemic activity.
References	Martinez V., Muñoz-Zamora M. A., Joseph-Nathan P. Conformational analysis of achillin and leukodin// Journal of Natural Products. – 1988. – Vol.51, No.2 – P. 221–228. doi:10.1021/np50056a005 Ratkin A.V., Kaidash O.A., Pfarger Y.A., Ivanov V.V., Adekenov S.M., Ryazantseva N.V., Chuchalin V.S., Vengerovsky A.I. Hypolipidemic effect of sesquiterpene lactones arglabin and achillin in a model of acute hyperlipidemia // Siberian Medical Review. – 2014. – No. 5. – P. 40-43.

Badkhsin	
	<p>CAS#</p> <p>Synonyms: 2-Oxo-8<math>\alpha</math>-angeloiloxy-5<math>\alpha</math>(H),6<math>\beta</math>(H),7<math>\alpha</math>(H),11<math>\alpha</math>(H)-guaia-1(10),3(4)-dien-6,12-olide</p> <p>Gross formula: <math>\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{24}\text{O}_5</math></p> <p>Molecular weight: 344,40</p> <p>HPLC Purity: <math>\geq 99.0\%</math></p> <p>Melting Point: 139-140 °C</p> <p>White crystalline substance</p>
IR-spectrum ( $\text{cm}^{-1}$ )	2973, 2963, 2923, 2909, 2890 (C-H), 1769 (Carbonyl group of $\gamma$ -lactone), 1708, 1695, 1684, 1652, 1641, 1617 (dienone fragment), 1459, 1433, 1340, 1321, 1300, 1237, 1215, 1183, 1157, 1131, 1077, 1036, 1020, 977, 898, 851, 844.
UV-spectrum (nm)	253 $\pm$ 2
$^1\text{H}$ and $^{13}\text{C}$ NMR spectra	<p><math>^1\text{H}</math> NMR (500 MHz, <math>\text{CD}_3\text{OD}</math>, ppm, J1, 2, 3...n/Hz): 1.33 (3H, s, <math>\text{CH}_3</math>-5'); 1.87 (3H, d, <math>J=3.0</math>, <math>\text{CH}_3</math>-4'); 1.99 (3H, d, <math>J=7.50</math>, <math>\text{CH}_3</math>-13); 2.24 (3H, s, <math>\text{CH}_3</math>-15); 2.25 (1H, dd, <math>J=18.40</math>, 9.45, H-7); 2.27 (3H, s, <math>\text{CH}_3</math>-14); 2.95-2.81 (2H, m, H-9<math>\alpha</math>, H-9<math>\beta</math>); 3.08-3.04 (1H, m, H-11); 3.58 (1H, d, <math>J=10.67</math>, H-5); 4.45 (1H, dd, <math>J=10.67</math>, 8.23, H-8); 5.49 (1H, ddd, <math>J=10.04</math>, 9.74, 3.72, H-6); 6.15 (1H, s, H-3); 6.18 (1H, dd, <math>J=7.5</math>, 1.5, H-3').</p> <p><math>^{13}\text{C}</math> NMR (125,76 MHz, <math>\text{CD}_3\text{OD}</math>, ppm): 13.38 (q, C-13); 16.02 (q, C-14); 19.80 (q, C-15); 20.32 (q, C-5'); 20.61 (q, C-4'); 37.30 (d, C-11); 43.62 (t, C-9); 45.17 (d, C-7); 49.12 (d, C-5); 60.84 (d, C-6); 67.13 (d, C-8); 127.04 (c, C-2'); 129.84 (s, C-1); 135.48 (d, C-3); 140.21 (d, C-3'); 145.36 (s, C-10); 166.68 (s, C-4); 169.82 (s, C-1'); 178.19 (s, C-12); 195.38 (s, C-2).</p>
Biological activity	Possess hypolipidemic and anthelmintic activities
References	Serkerov S.V., Sheichenko V.I. Structure of isobadkhsin. The stereochemistry of badkhsin and isobadkhsin// Chemistry of Natural Compounds. – 1970. – Vol.6, No 4. – P.433–436.

	<p>doi:10.1007/bf00564242</p> <p>Syrov V.N., Tursunova N.V., Islamova J.I. Comparative hypolipidemic and antisclerotic activity of sesquiterpene lactones leukomizin, austricin and badhyzin// Central Asia Journal of Medicine. – 2019. - Vol. 2018, Iss. 2. - P. 95-104. <a href="https://uzjournals.edu.uz/tma/vol2018/iss2/8/">https://uzjournals.edu.uz/tma/vol2018/iss2/8/</a></p> <p>Islamova Zh.I. Pharmacological evaluation of antiparasitic and prebiotic activity of plant substances of terpenoid, polyphenolic, and carbohydrate nature: Doctoral thesis in medical sciences: 14.00.17. – Tashkent. – 2020. – 220 p.</p>
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Glaucine hydrobromide	
	<p>CAS# 5996-06-5</p> <p>Synonyms: [(6aS)-1,2,9,10-Tetramethoxy-6-methyl-5,6,6a,7-tetrahydro-4H-dibenzo(de,g)quinoline hydrobromide]</p> <p>Gross formula: C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>26</sub>BrNO<sub>4</sub></p> <p>Molecular weight: 435.10 g/mol</p> <p>HPLC Purity: ≥98,5%</p> <p>Melting Point: 198 °C</p> <p>White crystalline substance</p>
IR-spectrum (cm <sup>-1</sup> )	3050 (N-CH <sub>3</sub> ), 2995, 2969, 2909 (OCH <sub>3</sub> ), 2845, 2789 (N-CH <sub>3</sub> ), 2632, 2579, 2482, 1605, 1582, 1521, 1462, 1422 (C=C), 1398, 1333 (C-C), 1262 (C-N), 1110, 1069, 1045 (C-H), 1013, 962.
UV-spectrum (nm)	221±2; 282±2; 302±2
<sup>1</sup> H and <sup>13</sup> C NMR spectra	<p><sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, ppm, J1, 2, 3...n/Hz): 2.84-3.15 (2H, m, H-5α, H-5β); 3.0 (3H, s, N-CH<sub>3</sub>); 3.24-3.47 (2H, m, H-4α, H-4β); 3.59 (3H, s, OCH<sub>3</sub>-1); 3.67 (1H, s, H-Br); 3.72-3.92 (2H, m, H-7α, H-7β); 3.84-3.89 (9H, s, OCH<sub>3</sub>-2, OCH<sub>3</sub>-9, OCH<sub>3</sub>-10); 4.05 (1H, m, H-6α); 6.6 (1H, s, H-3); 6.78 (1H, s, H-8); 8.0 (1H, s, H-11).</p> <p><sup>13</sup>C NMR (125,76 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, ppm): 26.20 (t, C-4); 31,86 (t, C-7); 42.57 (q, N-CH<sub>3</sub>); 50.09 (t, C-5); 53.09 (q, C-2, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 56.04 (q, C-9, OCH<sub>3</sub>); 60.37 (q, C-10, OCH<sub>3</sub>); 61.67 (d, C-6A); 63.04 (q, C-1, OCH<sub>3</sub>); 110.36 (d, C-3); 110.96 (d, C-8); 111.61 (d, C-11); 119.91 (s, C-11A); 122.72 (s, C-11B); 123.66 (s, C-6B); 125.90 (s, C-3a); 127.20 (s, C-7a); 145.26 (s, C-1); 148.25 (s, C-9); 148.76 (s, C-10); 153.79 (s, C-2).</p>
Biological activity	Possesses antimicrobial activity
References	Turmukhambetov A.Z., Mukusheva G.K., Seidakmetova R.B., Shults E.E., Shakirov M.M., Bagryanskaya I.Y., Gatilov Yu.V., Adekenov S.M. Synthesis and antimicrobial activity of quaternary salts of the alkaloid glaucine// Pharmaceutical Chemistry Journal. – 2009. – Vol.43, No 5. – P. 255–257. doi:10.1007/s11094-009-0283-2

<b>Grossheimin</b>	
	<p><b>CAS#</b> 22489-66-3</p> <p><b>Synonyms:</b> [3-Oxo-8<math>\alpha</math>-hydroxy-1,5<math>\alpha</math>,4<math>\beta</math>(H)-guaia-10(14),11(13)-diene-6,12-olide].</p> <p><b>Gross formula:</b> C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>18</sub>O<sub>4</sub></p> <p><b>Molecular weight:</b> 262.31 g/mol</p> <p><b>HPLC Purity:</b> ≥99,0%</p> <p><b>Melting Point:</b> 200-202 °C</p> <p><b>Colorless crystalline substance</b></p>
<b>IR-spectrum (cm<sup>-1</sup>)</b>	3431 (OH), 3247, 3080, 2999, 2968, 2929, 2863 (C-H), 1756 (Carbonyl group of $\gamma$ -lactone), 1724 (C=O), 1645 (C=C), 1506, 1475, 1398, 1353, 1289, 1243, 1177, 1069, 1020, 978, 947.
<b>UV-spectrum (nm)</b>	203±2
<sup>1</sup> H and <sup>13</sup> C NMR spectra	<p><sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, ppm, J1, 2, 3...n/Hz): 1.18 (3H, d, J=6.73, SH<sub>3</sub>-15); 2.19-2.31 (3H, m, H-4, H-9<math>\beta</math>, H-5); 2.42-2.55 (2H, m, H-2<math>\alpha</math>, H-2<math>\beta</math>); 2.76-2.80 (1H, dd, J=18.62, 12.46, H-9<math>\alpha</math>); 3.02-3.07 (1H, dd, J=12.46, 3.15, H-7); 3.12-3.16 (1H, m, H-1); 3.72-3.75 (1H, dd, J=9.31, 5.87, H-8); 3.95 (1H, t, J=17.90, 9.02, H-6); 4.71 (1H, s, H-14<math>\alpha</math>); 5.02 (1H, s, H-14<math>\beta</math>); 6.30 (2H, m, H-13<math>\alpha</math>, H-13<math>\beta</math>).</p> <p><sup>13</sup>C NMR (125,76 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, ppm): 15.01 (q, C-15); 40.26 (d, C-1); 43.29 (t, C-2); 47.08 (t, C-9); 48.01 (d, C-4); 49.30 (d, C-7); 51.23 (d, C-5); 73.26 (d, C-8); 82.39 (d, C-6); 115.76 (t, C-14); 125.84 (t, C-13); 136.52 (s, C-11); 143.29 (s, C-10); 169.99 (s, C-12); 219.10 (s, C-3).</p>
<b>Biological activity</b>	Posesses antitumor, anti-inflammatory, and antiparasitic activities.
<b>References</b>	<p>Adekenov S.M., Aituganov K.A., Kagarlitsky A.D., Rakhimov K.D., Vermenichev S.M. Grossheimin (from <i>Chartolepis intermedia</i> and <i>Centaurea ruthenica</i>)// Chemical Pharmaceutical Journal. – 1986. – No 8. – P. 938-942.</p> <p>Adekenov S., Mukhametzhanova G., Asanova G., Adekenova Gulimzhan S., Medeubayeva B., Kishkentayeva A. <i>Chartolepis intermedia</i> Boiss. and <i>Centaurea ruthenica</i> Lam.–new medicina plants containing pharmacologically active compounds// Open Access Macedonian Journal of Medical Sciences. – 2022. – Vol. 10, No A. – P. 56-64.</p>

<b>Grossmisin</b>	
	<p><b>CAS#</b> 35879-92-6</p> <p><b>Synonyms:</b> [8<math>\alpha</math>-Hydroxy-2-oxo-5,11<math>\alpha</math>(H)-guaia-1(10),3(4)-diene-6,12-olide], [8<math>\alpha</math>-Oxyachillin]</p> <p><b>Gross formula:</b> C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>18</sub>O<sub>4</sub></p> <p><b>Molecular weight:</b> 262.31 g/mol</p> <p><b>HPLC Purity:</b> ≥99,0%</p>

	Melting Point:	166-167 °C
	Yellowish powdery substance	
IR-spectrum ( $\text{cm}^{-1}$ )	3503 (OH), 3322, 3069, 2982, 2957, 2919, 2891 (C-H), 1785 (Carbonyl group of $\gamma$ -lactone), 1753, 1680, 1636, 1608 (dienone fragment), 1446, 1380, 1293, 1261, 1222, 1197, 1062, 1032, 977, 939.	
UV-spectrum (nm)	256±2	
$^1\text{H}$ and $^{13}\text{C}$ NMR spectra	<p><math>^1\text{H}</math> NMR (500 MHz, <math>\text{CDCl}_3</math>, ppm, J1, 2, 3...n/Hz): 1.29 (3H, d, <math>J=7.66</math>, <math>\text{CH}_3</math>-13); 2.30 (3H, s, <math>\text{CH}_3</math>-15); 2.44 (3H, s, <math>\text{CH}_3</math>-14); 2.48 (1H, dd, <math>J=2.0, 13.5</math>, H-9<math>\alpha</math>); 2.55 (1H, dd, <math>J=17.65, 10.4</math>, H-7); 2.75 (1H, t, <math>J=12.14</math>, H-9<math>\beta</math>); 2.94 (1H, q, <math>J=14.89</math>, H-11); 3.41 (1H, d, <math>J=10.10</math>, H-5); 3.84 (1H, t, <math>J=10.3</math>, H-6); 3.72 (1H, t, <math>J=9.7</math>, H-8); 6.18 (1H, s, H-3).</p> <p><math>^{13}\text{C}</math> NMR (125,76 MHz, <math>\text{CDCl}_3</math>, ppm): 9.45 (q, C-13); 19.91 (q, C-15); 21.83 (q, C-14); 38.16 (q, C-11); 48.24 (t, C-9); 51.89 (d, C-5); 58.00 (d, C-7); 64.96 (d, C-8); 81.10 (d, C-6); 132.71 (s, C-1); 135.46 (d, C-3); 146.81 (s, C-10); 170.97 (s, C-4); 178.77 (s, C-12); 196.12 (s, C-2).</p>	
Biological activity	Posesses hypolipidemic activity	
References	<p>Talzhanov N.A., Dauletzhanov A.Zh., Raldugin V.A., Atazhanova G.A., Adekenov S.M. Grossmisin from <i>Artemisia leucodes</i>// In the book: "Chemistry and technology of plant substances", Syktyvkar. – 2006. – P. 185.</p> <p>Ratkin A.V., Kaidash O.A., Ivanov V.V., Vengerovsky A.I., Adekenov S.M., Chuchalin V.S. Effects of grossheimin and grossmisin in a model of acute ethanol-induced hyperlipidemia// Bulletin of Siberian Medicine. – 2014. – Vol.13. – №1. – P. 67-72. <a href="https://bulletin.tomsk.ru/jour/article/view/19/22">https://bulletin.tomsk.ru/jour/article/view/19/22</a></p>	

Harmine		
	CAS#	442-51-3
	Synonyms:	[7-Methoxy-1-methyl-9H-pyrido[3,4-b]indole], [Banisterine], [Leucogarmine], [Telepathine], [Yageine]
	Gross formula:	$\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_2\text{O}$
	Molecular weight:	212.25g/mol
	HPLC Purity:	≥99,0%
	Melting Point:	265-268 °C
	Yellowish powdery substance	
IR-spectrum ( $\text{cm}^{-1}$ )	3145, 3075 (NH), 2965 ( $\text{OCH}_3$ ), 2885, 2833, 2763 (C-H), 1627, 1619 (C=N), 1564, 1511, 1483, 1453 (C=C), 1388, 1325 (C-C), 1291, 1280, 1253, 1237, 1200 (-C-N), 1164, 1136, 1105, 1025, 975.	
UV-spectrum (nm)	209±2; 241±2; 300±2	
$^1\text{H}$ and $^{13}\text{C}$ NMR spectra	<p><math>^1\text{H}</math> NMR (500 MHz, <math>\text{CDCl}_3</math>, ppm, J1, 2, 3...n/Hz): 2.74 (3H, s, <math>\text{CH}_3</math> at C-1); 3.88 (3H, s, <math>\text{OCH}_3</math> at C-7); 6.83 (1H, dd, <math>J=8.73, 2.29</math>, H-6); 7.00 (1H, d, <math>J=2.29</math>, H-8); 7.74 (1H, d, <math>J=5.44</math>, H-4); 7.93 (1H, d, <math>J=8.73</math>, H-5); 8.06 (1H, d, <math>J=5.44</math>, H-3).</p> <p><math>^{13}\text{C}</math> NMR (125,76 MHz, <math>\text{CDCl}_3</math>, ppm): 18.27 (q, <math>\text{CH}_3</math> at C-1);</p>	

	54.69 (q, C-7, OCH <sub>3</sub> at C-7); 94.15 (d, C-8); 109.57 (d, C-6); 111.98 (d, C-4); 115.09 (s, C-4b); 122.16 (d, C-5); 128.81 (s, C-4a); 134.98 (s, C-9a); 136.68 (d, C-3); 140.77 (s, C-1); 142.84 (s, C-8a); 161.19 (s, C-7).
Biological activity	Posesses neurotropic activity.
References	Mukusheva G.K., Nurmaganbetov Z.S., Ismagulova N.M., Adekenov S.M., Ivasenko S.A., Khabarov I.A., Sakenova P.E., Nurmanganbetov Zh.S. Turmukhambetov A.Zh. Application of centrifugal partition chromatography for the isolation of harmine from <i>Peganum harmala</i> L. // In the book: "Chemistry and pharmacology of plant substances". – Syktyvkar. – 2014. – P. 7-9. Gerardy J. Effect of moclobemide on rat brain monoamine oxidase A and B: comparison with harmaline and clorgyline // Progress in neuro-psychopharmacology & biological psychiatry. – 1994. – Vol. 18, № 4. – P. 793-802. doi:10.1016/0278-5846(94)90085-x <a href="https://europepmc.org/article/med/7938567">https://europepmc.org/article/med/7938567</a>

Harmine hydrochloride	
	CAS# 343-27-1
	Synonyms: [7-Methoxy-1-methyl-9H-pyrido[3,4-b]indole-2N hydrochloride]
	Gross formula: C <sub>13</sub> H <sub>13</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> O
	Molecular weight: 248.71 g/mol
	HPLC Purity: ≥99,0%
	Melting Point: 272-275 °C
	White powdery substance
IR-spectrum (cm <sup>-1</sup> )	3500 (+NH), 3432, 3089 (NH), 2923, 2951, 2813 (OCH <sub>3</sub> ), 2763, 2722, 1631 (C=N), 1576, 1463, 1330, 1280, 1263, 1199, 1075 (C-N), 949.
UV-spectrum (nm)	207±2; 248±2; 325±2
<sup>1</sup> H and <sup>13</sup> C NMR spectra	<sup>1</sup> H NMR (500 MHz, CD <sub>3</sub> OD, ppm, J1, 2, 3...n/Hz): 2.93 (3H, s, CH <sub>3</sub> ); 3.95 (3H, s, OCH <sub>3</sub> ); 6.91 (1H, dd, J=8.8, 2.2, H-6); 7.00 (1H, d, J=2.15, H-8); 8.04 (1H, dd, J=8.8, 0.43, H-5); 8.12 (1H, d, J=6.37, H-4); 8.17 (1H, d, J=6.37, H-3). <sup>13</sup> C NMR (125,76 MHz, CD <sub>3</sub> OD, ppm): 14.63 (q, CH <sub>3</sub> -10); 55.03 (q, OCH <sub>3</sub> -7); 93.61 (d, C-8); 113.01 (d, C-6); 113.58 (d, C-4); 113.67 (s, C-4a); 123.63 (d, C-5); 128.15 (s, C-4b); 132.96 (s, C-9a); 133.67 (d, C-3); 136.37 (s, C-1); 145.90 (s, C-8a); 163.68 (s, C-7).
Biological activity	Posesses neurotropic, antidepressant, antiparkinsonian activities
References	Ismagulova N.M., Nurmaganbetov Zh.S., Turmukhambetov A.Zh., Seitembetov T.S., Adekenov S.M. Synthetic derivatives of natural alkaloid harmine// Eurasian Chemico-Technological Journal. – 2009. – Vol. 11, No 3. – P. 199–205. doi: <a href="https://doi.org/10.18321/ectj281">https://doi.org/10.18321/ectj281</a> <a href="https://www.ect-journal.kz/index.php/ectj/article/view/528/487">https://www.ect-journal.kz/index.php/ectj/article/view/528/487</a>

	Adekenov S.M., Salimov A.K., Kovalev G.I., Abaimov D.A., Sariev A.K. Psychopharmacological properties of harmine hydrochloride// Experimental Clinical Pharmacology. – 2020. – Vol. 83, No 3. – P. 3-6. <a href="https://www.elibrary.ru/item.asp?id=42632422&amp;">https://www.elibrary.ru/item.asp?id=42632422&amp;</a>
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Dihydroquercetin	
	CAS# 480-18-2
	Synonyms: [-2R-2,3,5,7,3'4'-Pentaoxyflavone], [Taxifolin], [Diquertin]
	Gross formula: C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>12</sub> O <sub>7</sub>
	Molecular weight: 304.25 g/mol
	HPLC Purity: ≥99,0%
	Melting Point: 222-224 °C
	Yellow crystalline substance
IR-spectrum (cm <sup>-1</sup> )	3549, 3401 (OH), 3398, 3340, 2889, 2866, 1653 (C=O), 1588, 1456, 1363 (C=C), 1258, 1163, 1119, 1018, 972.
UV-spectrum (nm)	206±2; 290±2
<sup>1</sup> H and <sup>13</sup> C NMR spectra	<sup>1</sup> H NMR (500 MHz, C <sub>5</sub> D <sub>5</sub> N, ppm, J1, 2, 3...n/Hz): 4.99 (1H, d, J=11.38, H-2); 5.40 (1H, d, J=11.38, H-3); 6.30 (1H, d, J=2.15, H-8); 6.43 (1H, d, J=2.08, H-6); 7.66 (1H, s, H-2'); 7.25 (2H, m, H-5', H-6'); 11.53 (1H, s, 5-OH). <sup>13</sup> C NMR (125,76 MHz, C <sub>5</sub> D <sub>5</sub> N, ppm): 73.14 (d, C-3); 84.79 (d, C-2); 96.01 (d, C-8); 97.19 (d, C-6); 101.50 (s, C-7); 116.23 (d, C-2'); 116.46 (d, C-5'); 120.21 (d, C-6'); 129.44 (s, C-1'); 147.18 (s, C-4'); 147.90 (s, C-3'); 163.73 (s, C-9); 164.86 (s, C-5); 168.54 (s, C-10); 198.65 (s, C-4).
Biological activity	Posesses antioxidant activity
References	Outtrup H., Schaumburg K., Madsen J.Ø. Isolation of dihydromyricetin and dihydroquercetin from bark of pinus contorta// Carlsberg Research Communications. – 1985. – Vol. 50, No 6. – P. 369. doi.org/10.1007/BF02907158 <a href="https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/BF02907158">https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/BF02907158</a> Kurth E.F., Chan F.L. Dihydroquercetin as an antioxidant// Journal of the American Oil Chemists' Society. – 1951. – Vol. 28, No 10. – P. 433–436. doi:10.1007/bf02589681 <a href="https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/BF02589681">https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/BF02589681</a>

Camphor	
	CAS# 76-22-2
	Synonyms: [2-Camphanone], [2-Bornanone]
	Gross formula: C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>16</sub> O
	Molecular weight: 152.24 g/mol
	HPLC Purity: ≥98%
	Melting Point: 176 -178 °C
	Yellow crystalline substance
IR-spectrum (cm <sup>-1</sup> )	2960, 2873 (C-H), 1743 (C=O), 1449, 1417, 1390, 1373, 1323, 1298, 1220, 1166, 1094, 1046, 1021, 951.
UV-spectrum (nm)	203±2

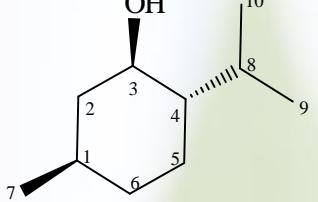
<sup>1</sup> H and <sup>13</sup> C NMR spectra	<sup>1</sup> H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> , ppm, J1, 2, 3...n/Hz): 0.68 (3H, s, CH <sub>3</sub> -9); 0.74 (3H, s, CH <sub>3</sub> -7); 0.80 (3H, s, CH <sub>3</sub> -10); 1.28-1.15 (2H, m, H-6 $\alpha$ , H-5 $\alpha$ ), 1.56-1.48 (1H, m, H-5 $\beta$ ), 1.67 (1H, d, J=18.26, H-3 $\alpha$ ), 1.8 (1H, m, H-6 $\beta$ ), 1.93 (1H, t, J=4.51, 4.44, H-4); 2.19 (1H, dt, J=18.26, 3.97, 4.0, H-3 $\beta$ ). <sup>13</sup> C NMR (125.76 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> , ppm): 9.21 (q, C-7); 19.09 (q, C-9); 19.71 (q, C-10); 27.01 (t, C-5); 29.85 (t, C-6); 42.98 (d, C-4); 43.20 (t, C-3); 46.69 (s, C-8); 57.56 (s, C-1); 219.22 (s, C-2).
Biological activity	Posesses antitussive and expectorant effects.
References	Yoneda J.D., Leal K.Z., Seidl P.R., Azeredo R.B. de V., Kleinpeter E. Camphor: a good model for illustrating NMR techniques; Canfora: um bom modelo para ilustrar tecnicas de RMN// Química Nova. – 2007. – Vol. 30, No. 8. – P. 2053-2056. <a href="https://www.scielo.br/pdf/qn/v30n8/a44v30n8.pdf">https://www.scielo.br/pdf/qn/v30n8/a44v30n8.pdf</a> Zuccarini P., Soldani G. Camphor: benefits and risks of a widely used natural product// Acta Biologica Szegediensis. – 2009. – Vol.53, No 2. – P. 77-82. <a href="http://abs.bibl.u-szeged.hu/index.php/abs/article/view/2670/2662">http://abs.bibl.u-szeged.hu/index.php/abs/article/view/2670/2662</a>

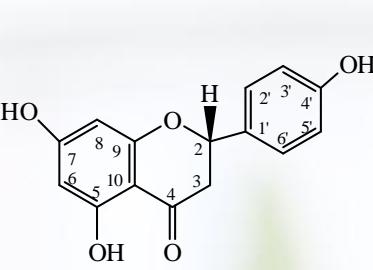
Leucomisin	
	CAS# 17946-87-1 Synonyms: [2-Oxo-5,7 $\alpha$ ,6,11 $\beta$ (H)-guaia-1(10),3(4)-diene-12,6-olide], [Leucodin] Gross formula: C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>18</sub> O <sub>3</sub> Molecular weight: 246,30 g/mol HPLC Purity: ≥98 % Melting Point: 196-199°C White powder
IR-spectrum (cm <sup>-1</sup> )	2978, 2943, 2864, 1777 (Carbonyl group of $\gamma$ -lactone), 1682, 1636, 1615 (dienone fragment), 1448, 1377, 1318, 1293, 1255, 1204, 1116, 1033, 986.
UV-spectrum (nm)	256±2
<sup>1</sup> H and <sup>13</sup> C NMR spectra	<sup>1</sup> H NMR (500.16 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> , $\delta$ , ppm, J/Hz): 1.24 (3H, d, J=6.9, CH <sub>3</sub> -13); 1.38-1.31 (1H, m, H-8 $\alpha$ ); 1.94-1.90 (1H, m, H-8 $\beta$ ); 2.00-1.95 (1H, m, H-9 $\alpha$ ); 2.24 (1H, dd, J=12.5, 6.9, H-11); 2.27 (3H, s, CH <sub>3</sub> -15); 2.29 (1H, m, H-7); 2.38-2.37 (1H, m, H-9 $\beta$ ); 2.41 (3H, s, CH <sub>3</sub> -14); 3.39 (1H, d, J=10.2, H-5); 3.62 (1H, t, J=9.95, H-6); 6.14 (1H, br. s, H-3). <sup>13</sup> C NMR (125.76 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> , $\delta$ , ppm): 12.4 (q, C-13); 19.9 (q, C-15); 21.7 (q, C-14); 26.0 (t, C-8); 37.6 (t, C-9); 41.2 (d, C-11); 52.6 (d, C-7); 56.4 (d, C-5); 84.3 (d, C-6); 131.9 (s, C-1); 135.6 (d, C-3); 152.4 (s, C-10); 170.2 (s, C-4); 177.8 (s, C-12); 196.1 (s, C-2).
Biological activity	Posesses hypolipidemic activity
References	Plugar V. N., Rashker Y.V., Saitbaeva I.M., Mallabaev A.

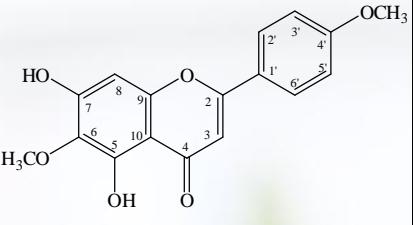
	<p>Fragmentation of sesquiterpene lactones related to leucomisin// Chemistry of Natural Compounds. – 1987. – Vol. 23, No 1. – P. 80–84. doi:10.1007/bf00602463  <a href="https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/BF00602463">https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/BF00602463</a></p> <p>Kirmukov A.G., Ažikov M.I., Rasulova S.A., Sidyakin G.P., Shamianov I.D., Malikov V.M., The angioprotector and hypolipidemic activity of leucomisin in experimental atherosclerosis// Farmakologija i Toksikologija. – 1991. – Vol. 54, No 3. – P. 35-37.  doi:<a href="https://europepmc.org/article/med/1915817">https://europepmc.org/article/med/1915817</a></p> <p>Rodnova E.A., Ivanov V.V., Ledyukova S.I., Chuchalin V.S., Ratkin A.V., Rakhimova B.B., Khabarov I.A., Adekenov S.M. Lipidemic effect of leucomisin on the model of acute ethanol-induced hyperlipidemia// Bulletin of Siberian Medicine. – 2013. - Vol. 12, No 1. – P. 43–48.  <a href="https://cyberleninka.ru/article/n/gipolipidemicheskoe-deystvie-leukomizina-na-modeli-ostroy-giperlipidemii-indutsirovannoy-etanolom/viewer">https://cyberleninka.ru/article/n/gipolipidemicheskoe-deystvie-leukomizina-na-modeli-ostroy-giperlipidemii-indutsirovannoy-etanolom/viewer</a></p> <p>Patent of the Republic of Kazakhstan No. 23091. A method of obtaining antiatherosclerotic and hypolipidemic agent “Aterolide” from <i>Artemisia leucodes</i> Schrenk./ S.M. Adekenov, Publ. 15.11.2010  <a href="https://kzpatents.com/7-ip23091-sposob-polucheniya-antiateroskleroticheskogo-i-gipolipidemicheskogo-sredstva-aterolid-iz-polyni-belovatoj-artemisia-leucodes-schrenk.html">https://kzpatents.com/7-ip23091-sposob-polucheniya-antiateroskleroticheskogo-i-gipolipidemicheskogo-sredstva-aterolid-iz-polyni-belovatoj-artemisia-leucodes-schrenk.html</a></p>
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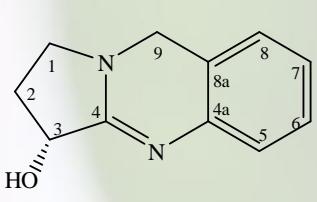
(R)-(+)-Limonene		
	CAS#	138-86-3
	Synonyms:	[(R)-4-Isopropenyl-1-methyl-1-cyclohexene], [(+)- <i>p</i> -Mentha-1,8-diene]
	Gross formula:	C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>16</sub>
	Molecular weight:	136.24 g/mol
	HPLC Purity:	≥98%
	Colourless liquid with a citrus odor	
IR-spectrum (cm <sup>-1</sup> )	3083, 3010, 2965, 2919, 2855, 2834 (C-H), 1644 (C=C), 1436, 1375, 1310, 1198, 1154, 1051, 1015, 914, 887, 797	
UV-spectrum (nm)	207±2	
<sup>1</sup> H and <sup>13</sup> C NMR spectra	<sup>1</sup> H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> , ppm, J1, 2, 3...n/Hz): 1.52-1.42 (1H, m, H-5α); 1.65 (3H, s, CH <sub>3</sub> -7); 1.72 (3H, s, H-9); 1.82-1.77 (1H, m, H-5β); 1.98-1.86 (2H, m, H-3α, H-6α); 2.12-2.00 (3H, m, H-3β, H-4, H-6β); 4.70 (2H, m, H-10α, 10β); 5.40 (1H, m, H-2). <sup>13</sup> C NMR (125,76 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> , ppm): 20.92 (q, C-9); 23.59 (q, C-7); 27.98 (t, C-5); 30.67 (t, C-3); 30.88 (t, C-6); 41.16 (d, C-4); 108.46 (t, C-10); 120.73 (d, C-2); 133.86 (s, C-1); 150.39 (s, C-8).	
Biological activity	Possesses antiviral activity against herpes simplex virus type 1 (HSV-1) <i>in vitro</i> .	
References	Skakovskiy E.D., Tychinskaya L.Yu., Molchanova O.A., Lamotkin S.A., Shutova A.G. NMR analysis of essential oils from needles of introduced species of Abies (Pinaceae) // Proceedings of the	

	National Academy of Sciences of Belarus. Biological Sciences Series. – 2014. – No. 2. – P. 22–27. Akram A., Schnitzler P. Antiviral activity of monoterpenes beta-pinene and limonene against herpes simplex virus <i>in vitro</i> // Iranian Journal of microbiology. – 2014. – Vol. 6, No 3. – P. 149-155 <a href="https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC4393490/pdf/IJM-6-149.pdf">https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC4393490/pdf/IJM-6-149.pdf</a>
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(-)-Menthol		
	CAS#	2216-51-5
	Synonyms:	[2-Isopropyl-5-methylcyclohexanol], [(1R,2S,5R)-2-Isopropyl-5-methylcyclohexanol], [5-Methyl-2-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexanol].
	Gross formula:	C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>20</sub> O
	Molecular weight:	156.27 g/mol
	HPLC Purity:	≥98%
	Melting Point:	42-43°C
	A colorless crystalline substance with a characteristic peppermint odor	
IR-spectrum (cm <sup>-1</sup> )	3253 (OH), 2958, 2928, 2870 (C-H), 2721, 1448, 1464 (-CH <sub>2</sub> -cyclohexane), 1383, 1368, 1312, 1292, 1226, 1173, 1078, 995.	
UV-spectrum (nm)	200±2	
<sup>1</sup> H and <sup>13</sup> C NMR spectra	<sup>1</sup> H NMR (500 MHz, CD <sub>3</sub> OD, ppm, J1, 2, 3...n/Hz): 0.78 (3H, d, J=6.87, CH <sub>3</sub> -7); 0.87-0.80 (1H, m, H-6α); 0.89 (3H, d, J=7, H-9); 0.91 (3H, d, J=7.4, H-10); 1.05-0.92 (2H, m, H-2α, H-5α); 1.11-1.05 (1H, m, H-4); 1.44-1.34 (1H, m, H-1); 1.68-1.58 (2H, m, H-6β, H-5β); 1.94-1.89 (1H, m, H-2β); 2.24-2.17 (1H, m, H-8); 3.29 (1H, t, J=3.29, 1.72, H-3). <sup>13</sup> C NMR (125,76 MHz, CD <sub>3</sub> OD, ppm): 16.16 (q, C-7); 21.10 (q, C-9); 22.31 (q, C-10); 23.19 (t, C-5); 25.90 (d, C-8); 31.72 (d, C-1); 34.62 (t, C-6); 45.12 (t, C-2); 50.21 (d, C-4); 71.63 (d, C-3).	
Biological activity	Possesses anti-inflammatory activity	
References	Härtner J., Reinscheid U.M. Conformational analysis of menthol diastereomers by NMR and DFT computation// Journal of Molecular Structure. – 2008. –Vol. 872, No 2-3. – P. 145–149. doi:10.1016/j.molstruc.2007.02.029 <a href="https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S0022286007001925">https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S0022286007001925</a> Kwan E.E., Huang S.G. Structural elucidation with NMR spectroscopy: practical strategies for organic chemists// European Journal of Organic Chemistry. – 2008. – Vol. 2008, No 16. – P. 2671–2688. doi:10.1002/ejoc.200700966 Juergens U.R., Stöber M., Vetter H. The anti-inflammatory activity of L-menthol compared to mint oil in human monocytes <i>in vitro</i> : a novel perspective for its therapeutic use in inflammatory diseases// European Journal of Medical Research. – 1998. –Vol. 3, No 12. – P. 539-545.	

Naringenin		
	CAS#	67604-48-2
	Synonyms:	[4',5,7-Trihydroxyflavanone], [[(±)-2,3-Dihydro-5,7-dihydroxy-2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-4H-1-benzopyran-4-one].
	Gross formula:	C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>12</sub> O <sub>5</sub>
	Molecular weight:	272.26g/mol
	HPLC Purity:	≥98,5%
	Melting Point:	250-252 °C
	Yellow powdery substance	
IR-spectrum (cm <sup>-1</sup> )	3358 (OH), 2928, 1642 (C=O), 1516 (C=C), 1464, 1377, 1342, 1273, 1161, 1087, 1066, 1046, 975.	
UV-spectrum (nm)	202±2; 285±2	
<sup>1</sup> H and <sup>13</sup> C NMR spectra	<sup>1</sup> H NMR (500 MHz, C <sub>5</sub> D <sub>5</sub> N, ppm, J1, 2, 3...n/Hz): 2.81 (1H, dd, J=10.02, 7.91, H-3a); 3.21 (1H, dd, J=10.02, 3.01, H-3b); 5.41 (1H, dd, J=7.91, 3.01, H-2), 6.32 (1H, d, J =2.08, H-8), 6.41 (1H, d, J=2.08, H-6), 7.15-7.17 (2H, m, H-3', H-5'), 7.45-7.47 (2H, m, H-2', H-6'). <sup>13</sup> C NMR (125,76 MHz, C <sub>5</sub> D <sub>5</sub> N, ppm): 43.13 (t, C-3); 79.47 (d, C-2); 95.94 (d, C-8); 97.05 (d, C-6); 102.69 (s, C-10); 116.24 (d, C-3', C-5'); 128.68 (d, C-2', C-6'); 129.59 (s, C-1'); 159.37 (s, C-4'); 163.87 (s, C-9); 164.99 (s, C-7); 168.41 (s, C-5); 196.36 (s, C-4).	
Biological activity	Possesses antioxidant activity	
References	<p>Wawer I., Zielinska A. <sup>13</sup>C CP/MAS NMR studies of flavonoids// Magnetic Resonance in Chemistry. – 2001. – Vol. 39, No 7. – P. 374–380. doi:10.1002/mrc.871</p> <p>Cordenonsi L.M., Sponchiado R.M., Campanharo S.C., Garcia C.V., Raffin R.P., Schapoval E.E.S. Study of flavonoids presente in Pomelo (<i>Citrus máxima</i>) by DSC, UV-VIS, IR, <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C NMR and MS// Drug Analytical Research. Porto Alegre. – 2017. – Vol. 1, No 1. – P. 31-37.  <a href="https://www.lume.ufrgs.br/handle/10183/196208">https://www.lume.ufrgs.br/handle/10183/196208</a></p> <p>Cavia-Saiz M., Busto M.D., Pilar-Izquierdo M. C., Ortega N., Perez-Mateos M., Muñiz P. Antioxidant properties, radical scavenging activity and biomolecule protection capacity of flavonoid naringenin and its glycoside naringin: a comparative study// Journal of the Science of Food and Agriculture. – 2010. – Vol. 90, No 7. – P. 1238–1244. doi:10.1002/jsfa.3959  <a href="https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/abs/10.1002/jsfa.3959">https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/abs/10.1002/jsfa.3959</a></p>	

Pectolinarigenin		
	CAS#	520-12-7
	Synonyms:	[5,7-Dihydroxy-4',6-dimethoxyflavone], [4'-Methylcapillarin], [6-Methoxyacacetin], [Hortensin]
	Gross formula:	C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>14</sub> O <sub>6</sub>
	Molecular weight:	314.29 g/mol
	HPLC Purity:	≥98,5%
	Melting Point:	206-208 °C
	Yellow powdery substance	
IR-spectrum (cm <sup>-1</sup> )	3132 (OH), 2939, 2830 (O-CH <sub>3</sub> ), 1655 (C=O), 1596, 1562 (C=C), 1492, 1458, 1356, 1297, 1252, 1201, 1175, 1122, 1032, 1005, 972.	
UV-spectrum (nm)	214±2; 258±2; 275±2	
<sup>1</sup> H and <sup>13</sup> C NMR spectra	<sup>1</sup> H NMR (500 MHz, C <sub>5</sub> D <sub>5</sub> N, ppm, J1, 2, 3...n/Hz): 3.77 (3H, s, OCH <sub>3</sub> -4'); 3.95 (3H, s, OCH <sub>3</sub> -6); 6.75 (1H, s, H-8); 6.98 (1H, s, H-3); 7.23 (1H, d, J=8.6, H-2'); 7.28 (1H, d, J=8.6, H-3'); 7.63 (1H, d, J=8.6, H-5'); 7.92 (1H, d, J=8.6, H-6'); 13.65 (1H, s, OH-5). <sup>13</sup> C NMR (125,76 MHz, C <sub>5</sub> D <sub>5</sub> N, ppm): 56.23 (q, OCH <sub>3</sub> -4'); 60.43 (q, OCH <sub>3</sub> -6); 91.50 (d, C-8); 103.59 (d, C-3); 106.20 (s, C-10); 116.78 (d, C-3', C-5'); 121.47 (s, C-1'); 128.83 (d, C-2', C-6'); 132.92 (s, C-6); 152.43 (s, C-9); 153.52 (s, C-5); 159.18 (s, C-7); 162.74 (s, C-4'); 164.65 (s, C-2); 182.99 (s, C-4).	
Biological activity	Possesses hepatoprotective activity	
References	<p>Lu M., Kong Q., Xu X., Lu H., Lu Z., Yu W., Zuo B., Su J., Guo R. Pectolinarigenin - a flavonoid compound from <i>Cirsium Japonicum</i> with potential anti-proliferation activity in mcf-7 breast cancer cell// Tropical Journal of Pharmaceutical Research. – 2014. – Vol. 13, No 2. – P. 225-228.  doi:10.4314/tjpr.v13i2.9  <a href="https://www.ajol.info/index.php/tjpr/article/view/101486">https://www.ajol.info/index.php/tjpr/article/view/101486</a></p> <p>Yoo Y.-M., Nam J.-H., Kim M.-Y., Choi J., Park H.-J. Pectolinarin and pectolinarigenin of cirsium setidens prevent the hepatic injury in rats caused by D-galactosamine via an antioxidant Mechanism// Biological &amp; Pharmaceutical Bulletin. – 2008. – Vol. 31, No 4. – P. 760–764. doi:10.1248/bpb.31.760  <a href="https://www.jstage.jst.go.jp/article/bpb/31/4/31_4_760/pdf-char/ja">https://www.jstage.jst.go.jp/article/bpb/31/4/31_4_760/pdf-char/ja</a></p>	

Peganine		
	CAS#	6159-56-4
	Synonyms:	[1,2,3,9-Tetrapyrrolo[2,1-b]quinazolin-3-ol-9], [Vasicine]
	Gross formula:	C <sub>11</sub> H <sub>12</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O
	Molecular weight:	188.23 g/mol
	HPLC Purity:	≥98,5%
	Melting Point:	210-213°C

	Colorless crystalline substance
IR-spectrum ( $\text{cm}^{-1}$ )	3059 (OH), 2940, 2870, 2732 (C-H), 1686, 1632 (C=N), 1573, 1597, 1501, 1483, 1457 (C=C), 1387, 1330 (C-C), 1306, 1280, 1232 (-C-N), 1185, 1174, 1106, 1061, 1033, 992.
UV-spectrum (nm)	204±2, 225±2, 231±2, 302±2
$^1\text{H}$ and $^{13}\text{C}$ NMR spectra	$^1\text{H}$ NMR (500 MHz, $\text{CDCl}_3$ , ppm, J1, 2, 3...n/Hz): 2.16-2.08 (1H, m, H-2 $\alpha$ ); 2.40-2.34 (1H, m, H-2 $\beta$ ); 3.24-3.18 (2H, m, H-1 $\alpha$ , H-1 $\beta$ ); 3.38-3.32 (1H, m, H-1 $\beta$ ); 4.52 (1H, d, J=13.17, H-9 $\alpha$ ); 4.54 (1H, d, J=13.7, H-9 $\beta$ ); 4.74 (1H, dd, J=7.45, 7.45, H-3); 6.84 (1H, d, J=7.45, H-5); 6.97-6.95 (1H, m, H-8); 7.14 (2H, d, J=3.44, H-6, H-7); 8.15 (1H, s, OH at C-3). $^{13}\text{C}$ NMR (125,76 MHz, $\text{CDCl}_3$ , ppm): 28.99 (t, C-2); 47.24 (t, C-9); 48.25 (t, C-1); 70.37 (d, C-3); 119.16 (s, C-8a); 123.88 (d, C-5); 124.23 (d, C-8); 125.91 (d, C-7); 128.52 (d, C-6); 142.55 (s, C-4a); 164.0 (s, C-4).
Biological activity	Possesses antimicrobial activity
References	Herraiz T., Guillén H., Arán V.J., Salgado A. Identification, occurrence and activity of quinazoline alkaloids in <i>Peganum harmala</i> // Food and Chemical Toxicology. – 2017. – Vol. 103. – P. 261-269. doi: <a href="https://doi.org/10.1016/j.fct.2017.03.010">10.1016/j.fct.2017.03.010</a> Turmukhambetov A. Zh. Alkaloids of Kazakhstan plants. Isolation, chemical modification and biological activity. Karaganda: “Glasir”, 2009. – 180 p. - ISBN 9965-886-63-6:

$\beta$ -Pinene		
	CAS#	127-91-3
	Synonyms:	[6,6-Dimethyl-2-methylenecyclo[3.1.1]heptane], [Norpinene], [Terebenthene], [Rosemarel], [2(10)-Pinene].
	Gross formula:	$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16}$
	Molecular weight:	136.24g/mol
	HPLC Purity:	$\geq 98\%$
	A colorless liquid with a characteristic odor	
IR-spectrum ( $\text{cm}^{-1}$ )	3436, 3315, 2920 (C-H), 1711, 1668 (C=C), 1465, 1383, 1368, 1055, 1024, 903.	
UV-spectrum (nm)	207±2	
$^1\text{H}$ and $^{13}\text{C}$ NMR spectra	$^1\text{H}$ NMR (500 MHz, $\text{CD}_3\text{OD}$ , ppm, J1, 2, 3...n/Hz): 0.71 (3H, s, CH <sub>3</sub> -10); 1.23 (3H, s, CH <sub>3</sub> -9); 1.44-1.39 (1H, m, H-7 $\alpha$ ); 1.90-1.78 (2H, m, H-4 $\alpha$ , H-4 $\beta$ ); 2.00-1.92 (1H, m, H-5); 2.28-2.16 (1H, m, H-3 $\alpha$ ); 2.37-2.28 (1H, m, H-7 $\beta$ ); 2.46-2.38 (1H, m, H-1); 2.60-2.47 (1H, m, H-3 $\beta$ ); 4.53-4.50 (1H, m, H-8 $\alpha$ ); 4.61-4.57 (1H, m, H-8 $\beta$ ). $^{13}\text{C}$ NMR (125,76 MHz, $\text{CD}_3\text{OD}$ , ppm): 20.96 (q, C-10); 23.16 (t, C-4); 23.24 (t, C-3); 25.21 (q, C-9); 26.39 (t, C-7); 40.26 (d, C-5); 40.43 (s, C-6); 51.76 (d, C-1); 105.31 (t, C-8); 151.78 (s, C-2).	
Biological activity	Possesses antiviral activity against herpes simplex virus type 1 (HSV-1) <i>in vitro</i>	
References	Kolehmainen E., Laihia K., Laatikainen R., Vepsäläinen J., Niemitz M., Suontamo R. Complete spectral analysis of the $^1\text{H}$	

	NMR 16-spin system of $\beta$ -pinene// Magnetic Resonance in Chemistry. – 1997. – Vol. 35, No 7. – P. 463–467. doi:10.1002/(sici)1097-458x(199707)35:7<463::aid-omr110>3.0.co;2-t <a href="https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/abs/10.1002/(SICI)1097-458X(199707)35:7%3C463::AID-OMR110%3E3.0.CO;2-T">https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/abs/10.1002/(SICI)1097-458X(199707)35:7%3C463::AID-OMR110%3E3.0.CO;2-T</a> Astani A., Schnitzler P. Antiviral activity of monoterpenes beta-pinene and limonene against herpes simplex virus <i>in vitro</i> // Iranian journal of microbiology. – 2014. – Vol. 6, No 3. – P. 149–155. <a href="https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC4393490/">https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC4393490/</a>
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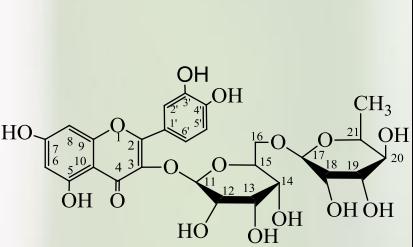
Pinocembrin	
	CAS# 480-39-7
	Synonyms: [5,7-Dihydroxyflavanone], [Dihydroxychrysin], [Galangin flavanone].
	Gross formula: C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>12</sub> O <sub>4</sub>
	Molecular weight: 256.26 g/mol
	HPLC Purity: ≥98,5%
	Melting Point: 196-198 °C
	Colorless crystalline substance
IR-spectrum (cm <sup>-1</sup> )	3092 (OH), 1632 (C=O), 1603, 1585, 1488, 1466 (C=C), 1217, 1168, 1089, 1066, 1015, 976.
UV-spectrum (nm)	212±2; 290±2
<sup>1</sup> H and <sup>13</sup> C NMR spectra	<sup>1</sup> H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> , ppm, J1, 2, 3...n/Hz): 2.82 (1H, dd, J=17.0, 3.0, H-3 $\beta$ ); 3.09 (1H, dd, J=17.0, 13.0, H-3 $\alpha$ ); 5.42 (1H, dd, J=13.0, 3.0, H-2); 6.00 (1H, d, J=2.2, H-6); 6.01 (1H, d, J=2.2, H-8); 7.48-7.38 (5H, m, H-2', H-3', H-4', H-5', H-6'); 12.0 (1H, s, 5-OH). <sup>13</sup> C NMR (125,76 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> , ppm): 43.40 (t, C-3); 79.34 (d, C-2); 95.62 (d, C-6); 96.86 (d, C-8); 103.31 (s, C-10); 126.26 (d, C-3', C-5'); 129.01 (d, C-2', C-6'); 129.06 (d, C-4'); 138.30 (s, C-1'); 163.28 (s, C-7); 164.41 (s, C-9); 164.67 (s, C-5); 196.02 (s, C-4).
Biological activity	Possesses antioxidant activity
References	Kattaev N.S., Nikonorov G.K. Flavonoids of <i>Glycyrrhiza glabra</i> // Chemistry of Natural Compounds. – 1974. – Vol. 10, No 1. – P. 94–95. doi:10.1007/bf00568245 <a href="https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/BF00568245">https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/BF00568245</a> Aiello F., Armentano B., Polerà N., Carullo G., Loizzo M.R., Bonesi M., Cappello M.S., Capobianco L., Tundis R. From vegetable waste to new agents for potential health applications: antioxidant properties and effects of extracts, fractions and pinocembrin from <i>Glycyrrhiza glabra</i> L. Aerial parts on viability of five human cancer cell lines// Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry. – 2017. – Vol. 65, No 36. – P. 7944–7954. doi:10.1021/acs.jafc.7b03045 <a href="https://pubs.acs.org/doi/abs/10.1021/acs.jafc.7b03045">https://pubs.acs.org/doi/abs/10.1021/acs.jafc.7b03045</a>

Pinostrobin		
	CAS#	480-37-5
	Synonyms:	[5-Hydroxy-7-methoxyflavanone], [5-Hydroxy-7-methoxy-2-phenylchroman-4-one], [5-Hydroxy-7-methoxy-2-phenyl-2,3-dihydro-4H-chromen-4-one]
	Gross formula:	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>14</sub> O <sub>4</sub>
	Molecular weight:	270,28 g/mol
	HPLC Purity:	≥99,5%
IR-spectrum (cm <sup>-1</sup> ) UV-spectrum (nm)	Melting Point:	96-99 °C
	Colorless crystalline substance	
IR-spectrum (cm <sup>-1</sup> )	3091 (OH), 2934 (OCH <sub>3</sub> ), 1650 (C=O), 1622, 1574 (C=C), 1500, 1435, 1386, 1366, 1343, 1317, 1255, 1155, 1283, 1095, 890.	
UV-spectrum (nm)	213 ±2; 288 ±2	
<sup>1</sup> H and <sup>13</sup> C NMR spectra	<sup>1</sup> H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> , ppm, J1, 2, 3...n/Hz): 2.82 (1H, dd, J=17.2, 3.1, H-3β); 3.08 (1H, dd, J =17.2, 13.0, H-3a); 3.80 (3H, s, OCH <sub>3</sub> -7); 5.42 (1H, dd, J=13.0, 3.1, H-2); 6.06 (1H, d, J=2.2, H-6); 6.07 (1H, d, J=2.2, H-8); 7.47-7.39 (5H, m, H-4', H-2', H-6', H-3', H-5'); 12.00 (1H, s, OH-5). <sup>13</sup> C NMR (125,76 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> , ppm): 43.47 (t, C-3); 55.79 (s, OCH <sub>3</sub> -7); 79.32 (d, C-2); 94.37 (d, C-6); 95.24 (d, C-8); 103.24 (s, C-10); 126.24 (d, C-4'); 126.98 (d, C-2', C-6'); 128.98 (d, C-3', C-5'); 138.48 (s, C-1'); 162.88 (d, C-5); 164.24 (s, C-7); 168.08 (s, C-9); 195.87 (s, C-4).	
Biological activity	Possesses hepatoprotective activity	
References	Yamovoi V.I., Kul'magambetova E.A., Kulyyasov A.T., Turdybekov K.M., Adekenov S.M. Molecular structure of a novel polymorphic modification of pinostrobin// Chemistry of Natural Compounds. – 2001. – Vol. 37, No 5. – P. 424–427. doi:10.1023/a:1014407007160 <a href="https://link.springer.com/article/10.1023/A%3A1014407007160">https://link.springer.com/article/10.1023/A%3A1014407007160</a> Lutskii V.I., Tyukavkina N.A., Shostakovskii M.F. Pinocembrin and pinostrobin from the heartwood of <i>Pinus sibirica</i> // Chemistry of Natural Compounds. – 1968. – Vol. 4, No 6. – P. 325–325. doi:10.1007/bf00569825 <a href="https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/BF00569825">https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/BF00569825</a> Eurasian patent No. 022691 dated February 29, 2016. S.M. Adekenov “Method of obtaining a hepatoprotective agent based on pinostrobin from <i>Populus balsamifera</i> L.”. - Appl. 22.01.2013. - Publ. 29.02.2016. <a href="https://easpatents.com/12-22691-sposob-polucheniya-gepatoprotektornogo-sredstva-na-osnove-pinostrobina-iz-pochech-topolya-balzamicheskogo-populus-balsamifera-1.html">https://easpatents.com/12-22691-sposob-polucheniya-gepatoprotektornogo-sredstva-na-osnove-pinostrobina-iz-pochech-topolya-balzamicheskogo-populus-balsamifera-1.html</a>	

Pulegone		
	CAS#	89-82-7
	Synonyms:	[2-Isopropylidene-5-methylcyclohexanone], [Cyclohexanone], [ <i>p</i> -Menth-4(8)-en-3-one].
	Gross formula:	C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>16</sub> O
	Molecular weight:	152.23 g/mol
	HPLC Purity:	≥98%
	A colorless liquid with a characteristic odor	
IR-spectrum (cm <sup>-1</sup> )	3348, 2954, 2926, 2871 (C-H), 1713 (C=O), 1681 (C=C), 1616, 1456, 1442, 1374, 1339, 1286, 1209, 1129, 1095, 987.	
UV-spectrum (nm)	252±2	
<sup>1</sup> H and <sup>13</sup> C NMR spectra	<sup>1</sup> H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> , ppm, J1, 2, 3...n/Hz): 0.91 (3H, s, CH <sub>3</sub> -7); 1.31-1.20 (1H, m, H-6α); 1.73 (3H, s, CH <sub>3</sub> -10); 1.83-1.80 (1H, m, H-6β); 1.91 (3H, s, CH <sub>3</sub> -9), 2.00-1.94 (2H, m, H-1, H-5α); 2.24-2.16 (1H, m, H-5β); 2.48-2.39 (1H, m, H-2β); 2.70-2.64 (1H, m, H-2α). <sup>13</sup> C NMR (125,76 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> , ppm): 21.87 (q, C-7); 22.18 (q, C-9); 23.09 (q, C-10); 28.73 (t, C-5); 31.72 (d, C-1); 32.88 (t, C-6); 50.96 (t, C-2); 131.95 (s, C-4); 141.88 (s, C-8); 204.43 (s, C-3).	
Biological activity	Possesses psychotropic and analgesic effects.	
References	<p>Kozlov N.G., Basalaeva L.I., Atazhanova G.A., Adekenov S.M. Synthesis of derivatives of the monoterpenoid pulegone// Chemistry of Natural Compounds. – 2015. – Vol. 51, No 3. – P. 488–490. doi:10.1007/s10600-015-1321-9  <a href="https://www.degruyter.com/document/doi/10.1515/znc-2011-7-806/html">https://www.degruyter.com/document/doi/10.1515/znc-2011-7-806/html</a></p> <p>Sousa D.P., Nóbrega F.F.F., Lima M.R.V., Almeida R.N. Pharmacological activity of (R)-(+)-pulegone, a chemical constituent of essential oils// Zeitschrift Für Naturforschung. – 2011. – Vol. 66, No 7-8. – P. 353–359. doi:10.1515/znc-2011-7-806 <a href="https://www.degruyter.com/document/doi/10.1515/znc-2011-7-806/html">https://www.degruyter.com/document/doi/10.1515/znc-2011-7-806/html</a></p>	

Resveratrol		
	CAS#	501-36-0
	Synonyms:	[5-(4-Hydroxystyryl)benzene-1,3-diol], [trans-3,4',5-Trihydroxystilbene], [5-[(1E)-2-(4-Hydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]-1,3-benzenediol]
	Gross formula:	C <sub>14</sub> H <sub>12</sub> O <sub>3</sub>
	Molecular weight:	228.25g/mol
	HPLC Purity:	≥98,5%
	Melting Point:	242-245 °C
	Colorless crystalline substance	
IR-spectrum (cm <sup>-1</sup> )	3292 (OH), 1606 (C=C), 1589, 1513, 1463, 1444, 1327, 1265, 1249, 1174, 1106, 1010, 988.	

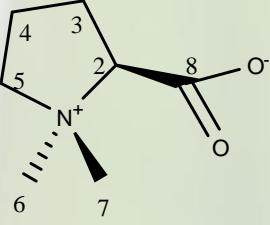
UV-spectrum (nm)	217±2; 306±2
<sup>1</sup> H and <sup>13</sup> C NMR spectra	<sup>1</sup> H NMR (500 MHz, CD <sub>3</sub> OD, ppm, J1, 2, 3...n/Hz): 6.13 (1H, t, J=2.10, 2.29, H-3); 6.42-6.43 (2H, m, H-1, H-5); 6.73-6.77 (2H, m, H-3', H-5'); 6.79 (1H, d, J=16.61, H-8); 6.93 (1H, d, J=16.61, H-7), 7.32-7.34 (2H, m, H-2', H-6') <sup>13</sup> C NMR (125,76 MHz, CD <sub>3</sub> OD, ppm): 101.26 (d, C-3); 104.38 (d, C-1); 115.13 (d, C-3',C-5'); 125.64 (d, C-8); 127.46 (d, C-2',S-6'); 128.02 (d, C-7); 129.04 (s, C-1'); 139.96 (s, C-6); 157.06 (s, C-4'); 158.30 (s, C-4).
Biological activity	Possesses antioxidant and antimicrobial activity.
References	Nonaka G., Minami M., Nishioka I. Studies on rhubarb (Rhei Rhizoma). III. Stilbene glycosides// Chemical & pharmaceutical bulletin. – 1977. – Vol. 25, No 9. – P. 2300–2305. doi:10.1248/cpb.25.2300 <a href="https://www.jstage.jst.go.jp/article/cpb1958/25/9/25_9_2300/_pdf-char/ja">https://www.jstage.jst.go.jp/article/cpb1958/25/9/25_9_2300/_pdf-char/ja</a> Djavan B., Marihart S., Kuehhas F., Rom M., Partin A., Schalken J., Sekeres T. Resveratrol und neu synthetisierte resveratrol-analoga zur therapie des prostatakarzinoms// Der Urologe. – 2007. – Vol. 46, No 9. – P. 1101–1103. doi:10.1007/s00120-007-1446-y <a href="https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/s00120-007-1446-y">https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/s00120-007-1446-y</a> Filip V. Resveratrol and its antioxidant and antimicrobial effectiveness// Food Chemistry. – 2003. – Vol. 83, No 4. – P. 585–593. doi:10.1016/s0308-8146(03)00157-2 <a href="https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S0308814603001572">https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S0308814603001572</a>

Rutin	CAS#	153-18-4
	Synonyms:	[3-Rhamnoglucosyl-3,5,7,3',4'-penta oxyflavone], [3,3',4',5,7-Pentahydroxyflavone 3-rutinoside], [3-Rutinosylquercetin], [Globulariacitrin], [Ilixanthin], [Myrticalorin], [Osiritin], [Paliurosides], [Phytomelin], [Quercetin 3-rhamnoglucoside], [Quercetin 3-rutinoside], [Rutoside], [Sophorin], [Tanrutin], [Violaquercitrin].
	Gross formula:	C <sub>27</sub> H <sub>30</sub> O <sub>16</sub>
	Molecular weight:	610.52 g/mol
	HPLC Purity:	≥98,5%
	Melting Point:	188-190 °C
	Yellow powdery substance	
IR-spectrum (cm <sup>-1</sup> )	3425 (OH), 2922, 1653 (C=O), 1599, 1574, 1574 (C=C), 1504, 1456, 1364, 1235, 1203, 1169, 1158, 1085, 1092, 1014, 1001, 969.	

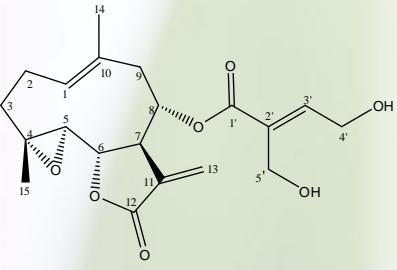
UV-spectrum (nm)	208±2; 260±2
<sup>1</sup> H and <sup>13</sup> C NMR spectra	<p><sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD, ppm, J1, 2, 3...n/Hz): 1.08 (3H, d, J=6.0, CH<sub>3</sub>-21), 3.25-3.63 (10H, m, 6H glucose +4H rhamnose), 4.50 (1H, d, J=2.0, H-15 rhamnose), 5.10 (1H, d, J= 7.0, H-17 glucose), 6.18 (1H, d, J=2.5, H-6), 6.38 (1H, d, J=2.5, H-8), 6.85 (1H, d, J= 9.0, H-2'), 7.61 (1H, dd, J= 9.0, H-6'), 7.65 (1H, d, J= 9.0, H-5').</p> <p><sup>13</sup>C NMR (125,76 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD, ppm): 16.56 (q, CH<sub>3</sub>); 67.19 (t, C-16); 68.37 (d, C-14); 70.03 (d, C-19); 70.75 (d, C-20); 70.87 (d, C-18); 72.57 (d, C-21); 74.38 (d, C-12); 75.85 (d, C-13); 76.82 (d, C-15); 93.50 (d, C-8); 98.58 (d, C-6); 101.07 (s, C-10); 103.37 (d, C-11); 104.27 (d, C-17); 111.69 (d, C-2'); 116.33 (d, C-5'); 121.75 (d, C-6'); 122.20 (s, C-1'); 134.28 (s, C-3); 144.50 (s, C-3'); 148.47 (s, C-4'); 157.16 (s, C-2); 157.99 (s, SC-9); 164.68 (s, C-7); 161.64 (s, C-5); 178.07 (s, C-4).</p>
Biological activity	Possesses antioxidant activity
References	<p>Suzuki H., Ikeda T., Matsumoto T., Noguchi M. Isolation and identification of rutin from cultured cells of <i>Stevia rebaudiana</i> Bertoni// Agricultural and Biological Chemistry. – 1976. – Vol. 40, No 4. – P. 819 – 820. doi:10.1080/00021369.1976.10862133 <a href="https://www.tandfonline.com/doi/abs/10.1080/00021369.1976.10862133">https://www.tandfonline.com/doi/abs/10.1080/00021369.1976.10862133</a></p> <p>Kimura Y., Kubo M., Tani T., Arichi S., Okuda H. Studies on scutellariae radix. IV. Effects on lipid peroxidation in rat liver// Chemical and Pharmaceutical Bulletin. – 1981. – Vol. 29, No 9. – P. 2610-2617. doi:10.1248/cpb.29.2610 <a href="https://www.jstage.jst.go.jp/article/cpb1958/29/9/29_9_2610/_pdf/-char/ja">https://www.jstage.jst.go.jp/article/cpb1958/29/9/29_9_2610/_pdf/-char/ja</a></p> <p>Torel J., Cillard J., Cillard P. Antioxidant activity of flavonoids and reactivity with peroxy radical// Phytochemistry. – 1986. – Vol. 25, No 2. – P. 383–385. doi:10.1016/s0031-9422(00)85485-0 <a href="https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S0031942200854850">https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S0031942200854850</a></p>

$\alpha$ -Santonin	
	<p>CAS#</p> <p>481-06-1</p>
	<p>Synonyms:</p> <p>[3-Oxo-6,11<math>\beta</math>(H),7<math>\alpha</math>(H)-eudesm-1(2),4(5)-diene-6,12-olide], [Semenen].</p>
	<p>Gross formula:</p> <p>C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>18</sub>O<sub>3</sub></p>
	<p>Molecular weight:</p> <p>246.31 g/mol</p>
	<p>HPLC Purity:</p> <p><math>\geq</math>99,0%</p>
	<p>Melting Point:</p> <p>171-172 °C</p>
	<p>Colorless crystalline substance</p>
IR-spectrum (cm <sup>-1</sup> )	<p>2974, 2936, 2870 (C-H), 1785 (Carbonyl group of <math>\gamma</math>-lactone), 1658 (C=O), 1629, 1612 (C=C), 1457, 1406, 1376, 1267, 1244, 1193, 1179, 1153, 1135, 1103, 1033, 991.</p>
UV-spectrum (nm)	240±2

<sup>1</sup> H and <sup>13</sup> C NMR spectra	<sup>1</sup> H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> , ppm, J1, 2, 3...n/Hz): 1.19 (3H, d, J=6.87, SH <sub>3</sub> -13); 1.26 (3H, s, CH <sub>3</sub> -14); 1.44 (1H, dt, J=13.75, 13.46, 5.15, H-9 $\alpha$ ); 1.65 (1H, dq, J=12.6, 12.03, 3.44, H-8 $\alpha$ ); 1.75 (1H, dq, J=12.03, 11.46, 3.44, H-7); 1.85 (1H, dq, J=13.46, 3.44, 2.29, H-9 $\beta$ ); 1.99-1.94 (1H, m, H-8 $\beta$ ); 2.04 (3H, s, CH <sub>3</sub> -15); 2.38 (1H, dq, J=5.15, H-10); 4.76 (1H, dd, J=10.88, 1.15, H-6); 6.16 (1H, d, J=9.74, H-2); 6.64 (1H, d, J=9.74, H-1). <sup>13</sup> C NMR (125,76 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> , ppm): 10.98 (q, C-15); 12.57 (q, C-13); 22.91 (t, C-8); 25.18 (q, C-14); 37.87 (t, C-9); 41.00 (s, C-10); 41.48 (d, C-11); 53.59 (d, C-7); 81.45 (d, C-6); 125.83 (d, C-2); 128.56 (s, C-4); 151.31 (s, C-5); 155.03 (d, C-1); 177.79 (s, C-12); 186.39 (s, C-3).
Biological activity	Possesses anthelmintic activity
References	Adekenov S.M., Kupriyanov A.N., Gafurov N.M., Kurmanova, R.S. Sesquiterpene lactones of <i>Artemisia saissanica</i> // Chemistry of Natural Compounds. – 1990. – Vol. 26, No 6. – P. 716–717. doi:10.1007/bf00630095 Krotov A.L. On the mechanism of the action of santonin on Ascaris// Meditsinskaya Parazitologiya i Parazitarnye Bolezni. – 1957. – Vol. 26, No.2. – P.185-193. <a href="https://www.cabdirect.org/cabdirect/abstract/19570801002">https://www.cabdirect.org/cabdirect/abstract/19570801002</a>

Stachydrine	
	<p>CAS# 471-87-4</p> <p>Synonyms: [1,1-Dimethylpyrrolidinium-1-iium-2-carboxylate], [Inner salt of 2-carboxy-1,1-dimethylpyrrolidine hydroxide], [2-Carboxylate-1,1-dimethylpyrrolidine], [1-Methylproline methylbetaine], [Cadabine].</p> <p>Gross formula: C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>13</sub>NO<sub>2</sub></p> <p>Molecular weight: 143.18 g/mol</p> <p>HPLC Purity: ≥99,5%</p> <p>Melting Point: 224-226 °C</p> <p>White powder</p>
IR-spectrum (cm <sup>-1</sup> )	3412 (NH), 3047 (C-H), 1621 (C=O), 1472, 1430, 1396, 1367, 1247, 1193, 1025, 955.
UV-spectrum (nm)	205±2; 270±2
<sup>1</sup> H and <sup>13</sup> C NMR spectra	<sup>1</sup> H NMR (500 MHz, CD <sub>3</sub> OD, ppm, J1, 2, 3...n/Hz): 2.17-2.09 (2H, m, H-4 $\alpha$ , H-4 $\beta$ ); 2.34-2.25 (1H, m, H-3 $\alpha$ ); 2.53-2.44 (1H, m, H-3 $\beta$ ); 3.13 (3H, s, CH <sub>3</sub> -6); 3.31 (3H, s, CH <sub>3</sub> -7); 3.53-3.45 (1H, m, H-5b); 3.71-3.65 (1H, m, H-5a); 4.01 (1H, dd, J=10.45, 8.73, H-2). <sup>13</sup> C NMR (125,76 MHz, CD <sub>3</sub> OD, ppm): 18.46 (t, C-4); 25.18 (t, C-3); 45.00 (q, CH <sub>3</sub> -6); 51.37 (q, CH <sub>3</sub> -7); 66.69 (t, C-5); 76.35 (d, C-2); 169.42 (s, C-8).
Biological activity	Possesses antitumor activity

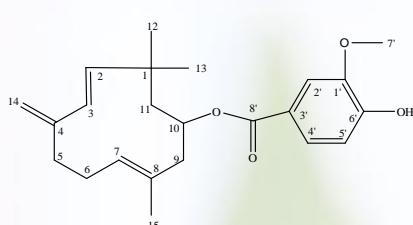
<p>References</p>	<p>Kuchta K., Ortwein J., Hennig L., Rauwald H.W. <math>^1\text{H}</math>-q NMR for direct quantification of stachydrine in <i>Leonurus japonicas</i> and <i>L. cardiaca</i>// Fitoterapia. – 2014. – Vol. 96. – P.8-17. doi:10.1016/j.fitote.2014.03.023  <a href="https://www.semanticscholar.org/paper/%C2%B9H-qNMR-for-direct-quantification-of-stachydrine-in-Kuchta-Ortwein/12a0e07bf328ffe2968cc6158e7a186a6f731eeb">https://www.semanticscholar.org/paper/%C2%B9H-qNMR-for-direct-quantification-of-stachydrine-in-Kuchta-Ortwein/12a0e07bf328ffe2968cc6158e7a186a6f731eeb</a></p> <p>Rathee P., Rathee D., Rathee D., Rathee S. <i>In vitro</i> anticancer activity of stachydrine isolated from <i>Capparis decidua</i> on prostate cancer cell lines// Natural Product Research. – 2011. – Vol. 26, No 18. – P. 1737–1740.  doi:10.1080/14786419.2011.608673  <a href="https://www.tandfonline.com/doi/abs/10.1080/14786419.2011.608673">https://www.tandfonline.com/doi/abs/10.1080/14786419.2011.608673</a></p>
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Stizolicin	
	<p><b>CAS#</b> 30994-28-6</p> <p><b>Synonyms:</b> [(1S,2R,4R,7Z,10S,11R)-4,8-Dimethyl-12-methyldiene-13-oxo-3,14-dioxatricyclo[9.3.0.02,4]te tradec-7-en-10-yl], (E)-4-Hydroxy-2-(hydroxymethyl)but-2-enoate, 2-Butenoic acid, 4-hydroxy-2-(hydroxymethyl)-, 1a,2,3,6,7,7a,8,9,10a,10b-Decahydro-1a,5-dimethyl-8-methylene-9-oxooxireno(9,10)cyclodeca(1,2-b)furan-7-yl ester, (1aR-(1aR,4E,7S(E),7aR,10aS,10bR)).</p> <p><b>Gross formula:</b> C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>26</sub>O<sub>7</sub></p> <p><b>Molecular weight:</b> 378.42</p> <p><b>HPLC Purity:</b> ≥99,0%</p> <p><b>Melting Point:</b> 152-154 °C</p> <p><b>White crystalline substance</b></p>
<p><b>IR-spectrum (cm<sup>-1</sup>)</b></p>	3479, 3452 (OH-group), 2981, 2967, 2950, 2939, 2920, 2897, 2883, 2862 (C-H), 1765 (Carbonyl group of $\gamma$ -lactone), 1717, 1663, 1651 (dienone fragment), 1472, 1462, 1439, 1394, 1383, 1366, 1330, 1284, 1239, 1194, 1157, 1072, 1031, 1024, 950.
<p><b>UV-spectrum (nm)</b></p>	201±2
<p><b><math>^1\text{H}</math> and <math>^{13}\text{C}</math> NMR spectra</b></p>	$^1\text{H}$ NMR (500 MHz, CD <sub>3</sub> OD, ppm, J1, 2, 3...n/Hz): 1.28 (3H, s, CH <sub>3</sub> -15); 1.30-1.27 (1H, m, H-3a); 1.81 (3H, s, CH <sub>3</sub> -14); 2.14-1.98 (1H, m, H-3b); 2.2-2.28 (1H, m, H-2a); 2.54-2.42 (2H, m, H-2b, H-9a); 2.69 (1H, d, J=12.03, H-9b); 2.83 (1H, d, J=9.45, H-5); 3.57 (1H, m, H-7); 4.26 (1H, d, J=9.00, H-6); 4.40-4.34

	(4H, m, H-4'a, H-4'b, H-5'a, H-5'b)4.58-4.51 (1H, m, H-8); 5.43 (1H, d, J=12.03, H-1); 5.78 (1H, d, J=2.94, H-13a); 6.18 (1H, d, J=3.44, H-13b); 6.93 (1H, t, J=6.00, H-3'). <sup>13</sup> C NMR (125,76 MHz, CD <sub>3</sub> OD, ppm): 16.27 (q, C-15); 17.05 (q, C-14); 23.92 (t, C-2); 35.60 (t, C-3); 46.38 (d, C-7); 49.02 (t, C-9); 55.33 (t, C-4'); 58.06 (t, C-5'); 61.18 (s, C-4); 66.19 (d, C-5); 73.69 (d, C-8); 80.92 (d, C-6); 124.74 (c, C-2'); 127.16 (t, C-13); 129.66 (d, C-1); 131.17 (s, C-10); 133.90 (s, C-11); 145.69 (d, C-3'); 166.49 (s, C-1'); 170.20 (s, C-12).
Biological activity	Possesses cytotoxicity
References	Cassady J.M., Bean M.F., McLaughlin J.L., Aynehchi Y. Structure revision and cytotoxicity of the germacranolide, stizolicin, from <i>Stizolophus balsamitus</i> (Asteraceae)// Experientia. – 1984. – Vol. 40, No 9. – P. 930-931 <a href="https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/BF00629927">https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/BF00629927</a>

Tectochrysin															
	<p></p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>CAS#</td> <td>520-28-5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Synonyms:</td> <td>[5-Hydroxy-7-methoxyflavone], [5-Hydroxy-7-methoxy-2-phenyl-4H-1-benzopyran-4-one], [5-Hydroxy-7-methoxyflavone], [7-Methylchrysin]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Gross formula:</td> <td>C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>12</sub>O<sub>4</sub></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Molecular weight:</td> <td>268.26 g/mol</td> </tr> <tr> <td>HPLC Purity:</td> <td>≥98,5%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Melting Point:</td> <td>176-178 °C</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Yellow powdery substance</td> <td></td> </tr> </table>	CAS#	520-28-5	Synonyms:	[5-Hydroxy-7-methoxyflavone], [5-Hydroxy-7-methoxy-2-phenyl-4H-1-benzopyran-4-one], [5-Hydroxy-7-methoxyflavone], [7-Methylchrysin]	Gross formula:	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>12</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	Molecular weight:	268.26 g/mol	HPLC Purity:	≥98,5%	Melting Point:	176-178 °C	Yellow powdery substance	
CAS#	520-28-5														
Synonyms:	[5-Hydroxy-7-methoxyflavone], [5-Hydroxy-7-methoxy-2-phenyl-4H-1-benzopyran-4-one], [5-Hydroxy-7-methoxyflavone], [7-Methylchrysin]														
Gross formula:	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>12</sub> O <sub>4</sub>														
Molecular weight:	268.26 g/mol														
HPLC Purity:	≥98,5%														
Melting Point:	176-178 °C														
Yellow powdery substance															
IR-spectrum (cm <sup>-1</sup> )	3313, 3069 (OH), 3013, 2921, 2954 (OCH <sub>3</sub> ), 2846, 1667 (C=O), 1587 (C=C), 1495, 1451, 1436, 1422, 1371, 1351, 1269, 1202, 1159, 1119, 1082, 1034, 997.														
UV-spectrum (nm)	211±2; 268±2														
<sup>1</sup> H and <sup>13</sup> C NMR spectra	<sup>1</sup> H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> , ppm, J1, 2, 3...n/Hz): 3.88 (3H, s, OCH <sub>3</sub> -7); 6.37 (1H, d, J=2.29, H-6); 6.50 (1H, d, J=2.24, H-8); 6.66 (1H, s, H-3); 7.57-7.51 (3H, m, H-3', H-4', H-5'); 7.90-7.95 (2H, m, H-2', H-6'); 12.7 (1H, s, OH). <sup>13</sup> C NMR (125,76 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> , ppm): 55.93 (q, OMe); 92.78 (d, C-8); 98.23 (d, C-6), 105.81 (d, C-3); 105.97 (s, C-10); 126.39 (d, C-2', C-6'); 127.66 (d, C-4'); 129.19 (d, C-3', C-5'); 131.95 (s, C-1'); 157.89 (s, C-9); 162.27 (s, C-5); 164.08 (s, C-2); 165.69 (s, C-7); 182.61 (s, C-4).														
Biological activity	Possesses antioxidant activity														
References	Mabry T.J., Markham K.R., Thomas M.B. The NMR spectra of flavonoids. The Systematic identification of flavonoids. – Springer, Berlin, Heidelberg. – 1970. – P. 274–343. <a href="https://link.springer.com/chapter/10.1007%2F978-3-642-88458-0_9">https://link.springer.com/chapter/10.1007%2F978-3-642-88458-0_9</a>														

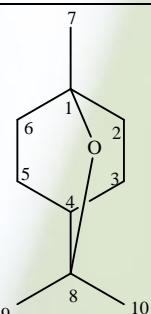
	<p>Lee S., Kim K.S., Park Y., Shin K.H., Kim B.-K. <i>In vivo</i> antioxidant activities of tectochrysin// Archives of Pharmacal Research. – 2003. – Vol. 26, No 1. – P 43–46. doi:10.1007/bf03179930 <a href="https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/BF03179930">https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/BF03179930</a></p>
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Ferocinin	
	<p><b>CAS#</b></p> <p>Synonyms: [3,3,10-Trimethylcycloundeca-4(5),6(14),9(10)-triene-1'-hydroxy-2'-methoxybenzoate].</p>
	<p><b>Gross formula:</b> C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>30</sub>O<sub>4</sub></p> <p><b>Molecular weight:</b> 370.48 g/mol</p> <p><b>HPLC Purity:</b> ≥99,0%</p> <p><b>Melting Point:</b> 105,6-107,1 °C</p> <p><b>White powder</b></p>
IR-spectrum (cm <sup>-1</sup> )	3527, 3500, 3449 (OH), 2966, 2955, 2937, 2866, 2853 (C-H), 1699 (aromatic acid carbonyl ester), 1649 (C=C) 1599, 1509, 1466, 1450, 1426, 1383, 1361, 1309, 1280, 1211, 1113, 1099, 1021, 995.
UV-spectrum (nm)	206±2; 217±2; 251±2; 292±2
<sup>1</sup> H and <sup>13</sup> C NMR spectra	<p><sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, ppm, J1, 2, 3...n/Hz): 1.03 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub>-13); 1.11 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub>-12); 1.60 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub>-15); 1.84 (1H, dd, J=14.5, 6.4, H-11α); 1.91 (1H, br.d, J=14.5, H-11β); 2.23-2.15 (3H, m, H-6α, H-6β, H-9α); 2.28 (1H, dt, J=13.0, 4.5, H-5α); 2.43-2.39 (2H, m, H-5β, H-9β); 3.94 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub>-7'); 4.86 (1H, d, J=2.8, H-14α); 4.92 (1H, d, J=2.8, H-14β); 4.95-4.93 (1H, m, H-10); 5.40 (1H, t, J=8.0, H-7); 5.50 (1H, d, J=16.2, H-2); 5.94 (1H, d, J=16.2, H-3); 6.93 (1H, dd, J=8.3, 1.9, H-5'); 7.54 (1H, d, J=1.7, H-2'); 7.61 (1H, dd, J=8.3, 1.9, H-4').</p> <p><sup>13</sup>C NMR (125,76 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, ppm): 17.56 (q, C-15); 22.49 (q, C-12); 30.24 (t, C-6); 30.67 (q, C-13); 31.36 (t, C-5); 35.29 (s, C-1); 47.74 (t, C-9); 52.23 (t, C-11); 56.16 (q, C-7'); 71.51 (d, C-10); 111.73 (d, C-2'); 114.04 (d, C-5'); 114.20 (t, C-14); 123.05 (s, C-1'); 124.06 (s, C-6'); 125.83 (d, C-3); 129.29 (d, C-7); 131.00 (s, C-8); 142.57 (d, C-2); 146.21 (s, C-4); 148.14 (s, C-3'); 149.93 (d, C-4'); 165.56 (s, C-8').</p>
Biological activity	Possesses cytotoxicity
References	<p>Adekenov S.M., Kishkentayeva A.S., Zhakanov M.M., Bagryanskaya I.Y. 3-Methoxy-4,5-methylenedioxypyropiophenone and ferocinin from <i>Ferula kelleri</i>// Chemistry of Natural Compounds. – 2020. – Vol. 56, No 5. – P. 896-898. doi:10.1007/s10600-020-03178-w</p> <p>Adekenov S.M., Mantler S.N., Zhakhanov M.M., Adekenova A.S. Ferocinin as a chemotaxonomic marker of <i>Ferula</i> L. species // 90 Years - From Plant to Medicinal Product: Achievements and Prospects. – 2021. – P. 502–508.</p> <p>Golovina L.A., Nikonov G.K. Esters of <i>Ferula ceratophylla</i>//</p>

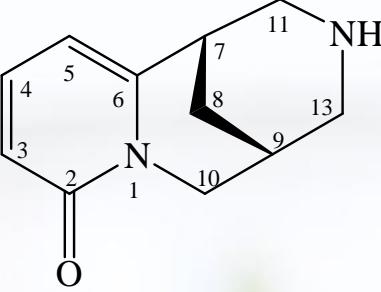
<b>Furanoeremophilanolide</b>	
	<b>CAS#</b> <b>Synonyms:</b> [Furanoeremophilan-14 $\beta$ ,6 $\alpha$ -olide] <b>Gross formula:</b> C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>18</sub> O <sub>3</sub> <b>Molecular weight:</b> 246.30 g/mol <b>HPLC Purity:</b> $\geq$ 99,0% <b>Melting Point:</b> White powdery substance
<b>IR-spectrum (cm<sup>-1</sup>)</b>	3143, 3103, 3000, 2954, 2938, 2884, 2874 (C-H), 1772 ( $\gamma$ -lactone ring), 1681, 1639 (C=C), 1580, 1565, 1547, 1452, 1353, 1304, 1258, 1186, 1064, 944.
<b>UV-spectrum (nm)</b>	215 $\pm$ 2
<b><sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra</b>	<sup>1</sup> H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> , ppm, J1, 2, 3...n/Hz): 1.26 (3H, s, CH <sub>3</sub> -14); 1.59-1.45 (3H, m, H-1 $\alpha$ , H-2 $\alpha$ , H-3 $\alpha$ ); 1.94-1.85 (2H, m, H-1 $\beta$ , H-3 $\beta$ ); 1.81-1.75 (1H, m, H-2 $\beta$ ); 2.02 (3H, s, CH <sub>3</sub> -15); 2.32 (1H, dd, J=12.0, 3.0 H-4); 5.09 (1H, c, H-6); 2.70-2.60 (2H, m, H-9 $\alpha$ , H-9 $\beta$ ); 2.28-2.22 (1H, m, H-10); 7.25 (1H, s, H-12); <sup>13</sup> C NMR (125,76 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> , ppm): 8.39 (q, C-13); 18.86 (t, C-1); 20.16 (q, C-15); 20.60 (t, C-2); 23.26 (t, C-9); 25.35 (t, C-3); 37.07 (d, C-10); 41.43 (d, C-4); 41.56 (s, C-5); 81.80 (d, C-6); 114.78 (s, C-11); 120.21 (s, C-7); 138.70 (d, C-12); 150.92 (s, C-8); 176.90 (s, C-14).
<b>Biological activity</b>	Possesses anti-inflammatory activity
<b>References</b>	Wu L., Liao Z., Liu C., Jia H., Sun J. Eremophilane sesquiterpene from the genus <i>Ligularia</i> // Chemistry & Biodiversity.–2016.–Vol.13.–P.645-671. doi:10.1002/cbdv.201500169

<b>Chrysin</b>	
	<b>CAS#</b> 480-40-0 <b>Synonyms:</b> [5,7-Dihydroxyflavone]. <b>Gross formula:</b> C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>10</sub> O <sub>4</sub> <b>Molecular weight:</b> 254.24 g/mol <b>HPLC Purity:</b> $\geq$ 98,5% <b>Melting Point:</b> 276-278 °C Yellow powdery substance
<b>IR-spectrum (cm<sup>-1</sup>)</b>	3552, 3504, 3309 (OH), 2920, 2712, 2629, 1657, 1633 (C=O), 1610, 1576 (C=C), 1499, 1356, 1312, 1260, 1219, 1169, 1124, 1091, 1071, 1031, 1009, 975.
<b>UV-spectrum (nm)</b>	211 $\pm$ 2; 268 $\pm$ 2; 312 $\pm$ 2
<b><sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra</b>	<sup>1</sup> H NMR (500 MHz, C <sub>3</sub> D <sub>6</sub> O, ppm, J1, 2, 3...n/Hz): 6.2 (1H, s,

	H-8); 6.5 (1H, s, H-6); 6.9 (1H, s, H-3); 7.5-7.6 (3H, m, H-4', H-3', H-5'); 8.0-8.1 (2H, m, H-2', H-6'); 10.9 (1H, s, 5-OH). <sup>13</sup> C NMR (125,76 MHz, C <sub>3</sub> D <sub>6</sub> O, ppm): 94.67 (d, C-8); 99.60 (d, C-6); 104.54 (s, C-10); 105.76 (d, C-3); 126.96 (d, C-2', C-6'); 129.67 (d, C-3', C-5'); 131.29 (d, C-4'); 132.54 (s, C-1'); 158.03 (s, C-9); 162.02 (s, C-5); 163.75 (s, C-2); 165.00 (s, C-7); 182.40 (s, C-4).
Biological activity	Possesses antioxidant, anti-inflammatory and anti-apoptotic activities.
References	Wawer I., Zielinska A. <sup>13</sup> C CP/MAS NMR studies of flavonoids// Magnetic Resonance in Chemistry. – 2001. – Vol. 39, No 7. – P. 374–380. doi:10.1002/mrc.871

1,8-cineol		
	CAS#	470-82-6
	Synonyms:	[1,3,3-Trimethyl-2-oxabicyclo(2.2.2)octane], [Eucalyptol], [1,8-Epoxy-p-menthane].
	Gross formula:	C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>18</sub> O
	Molecular weight:	154.25 g/mol
	HPLC Purity:	≥98%
	Colourless liquid	
IR-spectrum (cm <sup>-1</sup> )	2969, 2926, 2882 (C-H), 1465, 1376, 1306, 1272, 1234, 1215, 1168, 1080, 1054, 1016, 986.	
UV-spectrum (nm)	202±2	
<sup>1</sup> H and <sup>13</sup> C NMR spectra	<sup>1</sup> H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> , ppm, J1, 2, 3...n/Hz): 1.03 (3H, s, CH <sub>3</sub> -7); 1.22 (6H, s, CH <sub>3</sub> -9, CH <sub>3</sub> -10); 1.39 (1H, s, H-4); 1.50-1.46 (4H, m, H-2α, H-3α, H-5α, H-6α); 1.68-1.61 (2H, m, H-2β, H-6β); 2.04-1.98 (2H, m, H-3β, H-5β). <sup>13</sup> C NMR (125,76 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> , ppm): 23.02 (s, C-3, t, C-5); 27.67 (q, C-7); 28.97 (q, C-9, C-10); 31.57 (t, C-2, C-6); 32.98 (d, C-4); 69.88 (s, C-1); 73.73 (s, C-8).	
Biological activity	Possesses anti-inflammatory activity	
References	Malz F., Jancke H. Validation of quantitative NMR// Journal of Pharmaceutical and Biomedical Analysis. – 2005. – Vol. 38, No 5. – P. 813–823. doi:10.1016/j.jpba.2005.01.043 Juergens U.R., Stober M., Schmidt-Schilling L., Kleuver T., Vetter H. Antiinflammatory effects of eucalyptol (1.8-cineol) in bronchial asthma: inhibition of arachidonic acid metabolism in human blood monocytes <i>ex vivo</i> // European Journal of Medical Research. – 1998. – Vol. 3. – P. 407–412.	

Cirsilineol		
	CAS#	41365-32-6
	Synonyms:	[5,4'-Dihydroxy-6,7,3'-trimethoxyflavone], [Eupatrin], [Anisomelin], [Fastigenin], [6-Methoxyluteolin 3',7-dimethyl ether]
	Gross formula:	C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>16</sub> O <sub>7</sub>
	Molecular weight:	344.32 g/mol
	HPLC Purity:	≥99,0%
Melting Point: Yellow powdery substance	Melting Point:	203-204 °C
IR-spectrum (cm <sup>-1</sup> )	3135 (OH), 2941 (OCH <sub>3</sub> ), 2829, 1654 (C=O) 1598, 1562 (C=C), 1494, 1457, 1356, 1299, 1282, 1252, 1202, 1176, 1122, 1036, 1002, 971.	
UV-spectrum (nm)	213±2; 274±2; 343±2	
<sup>1</sup> H and <sup>13</sup> C NMR spectra	<sup>1</sup> H NMR (500 MHz, C <sub>5</sub> D <sub>5</sub> N, ppm, J1, 2, 3...n/Hz): 3.76 (3H, s, OCH <sub>3</sub> -6); 3.78 (3H, s, OCH <sub>3</sub> -7); 3.95 (3H, s, OCH <sub>3</sub> -3'); 6.91 (1H, s, H-3); 6.98 (1H, s, H-8), 7.22 (1H, d, J=2.2 , H-2'); 7.28 (1H, d, J=7.16 , H-5'); 7.92 (1H, dd, J=7.16, 2.0, H-6'); 13.0 (1H, s, OH at C-5). <sup>13</sup> C NMR (125,76 MHz, C <sub>5</sub> D <sub>5</sub> N, ppm): 55.86 (t, OCH <sub>3</sub> -3'); 56.22 (t, OCH <sub>3</sub> -7); 60.42 (t, OCH <sub>3</sub> -6); 91.50 (d, C-8), 103.84 (d, C-3); 106.24 (s, C-10); 110.09 (d, C-2'); 116.78 (d, C-5'); 121.24 (d, C-6'); 122.28 (s, C-1'); 132.93 (s, C-6); 148.88 (s, C-3'); 152.43 (s, C-9); 153.52 (s, C-5); 159.19 (s, C-7); 162.73 (s, C-4'); 164.67 (s, C-2); 182.99 (s, C-4).	
Biological activity	Possesses hepatoprotective activity	
References	<p>Kul'magambetova E.A., Pribytkova L.N., Adekenov S.M. Flavonoids of <i>Artemisia glabella</i>// Chemistry of Natural Compounds. – 2000. – Vol. 36, No 1. – P. 95–96. doi:10.1007/bf02234914  <a href="https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/BF02234914">https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/BF02234914</a></p> <p>Baisarov G.M., Mukusheva G.K., Zhumataeva A.R., Schults E.E., Seidakhmetova R.B., Adekenov S.M. Flavonoid compounds of <i>Artemisia glabella</i> Kar. et Kir., synthesis based on them and their biological activity// Khimiya Rastitel'nogo Syr'ya. – 2018. – No 3. – P.215–222.  <a href="https://cyberleninka.ru/article/n/flavonoidnye-soedineniya-artemisia-glabella-kar-et-kir-sintezy-na-ih-osnove-i-ih-biologicheskaya-aktivnost/viewer">https://cyberleninka.ru/article/n/flavonoidnye-soedineniya-artemisia-glabella-kar-et-kir-sintezy-na-ih-osnove-i-ih-biologicheskaya-aktivnost/viewer</a></p>	

Cytisine	
	CAS# 485-35-8
	Synonyms: [3-Hydroxy-11-norcystisine], [Baptitoxin], [Laburnine], [Sophorine], [Ulexine].
	Gross formula: C <sub>11</sub> H <sub>14</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O
	Molecular weight: 190.25 g/mol
	HPLC Purity: ≥98,5%
	Melting Point: 154-157 °C
	Yellow crystalline substance
IR-spectrum (cm <sup>-1</sup> )	3314, 3280 (NH), 2932, 2912, 2895, 2834, 2802, 2746 (C-H), 1646 (C=O), 1563, 1539 (C=C), 1478, 1441, 1346, 1310, 1297, 1263, 1175, 1157, 1139, 1074, 1011, 978.
UV-spectrum (nm)	202±2; 235±2; 310±2
<sup>1</sup> H and <sup>13</sup> C NMR spectra	<sup>1</sup> H NMR (500 MHz, CD <sub>3</sub> OD, ppm, J1, 2, 3...n/Hz): 2.05-2.15 (2H, m, H-8a, H-8β); 2.49-2.43 (1H, m, H-9); 3.05 (1H, d, J=11.0, H-11α); 3.08 (1H, d, J=4.0, H-13α); 3.10 (1H, d, J=4.00, H-13β); 3.16 (1H, d, J=11.0, H-11β); 3.17 (1H, br.s, H-7); 3.97 (1H, dd, J=4.0, 1.0, H-10α); 4.03 (1H, d, J=15.5, H-10β); 6.53 (1H, d, J=8.0, 1.3, H-5); 6.55 (1H, dd, J=6.0, 1.3, H-3); 7.58 (1H, dd, J=8.9, 7.0, H-4). <sup>13</sup> C NMR (125,76 MHz, CD <sub>3</sub> OD, ppm): 25.37 (t, C-8); 27.58 (d, C-9); 35.15 (d, C-7); 49.80 (t, C-10); 51.81 (t, C-11); 52.84 (t, C-13); 106.83 (d, C-5); 115.45 (d, C-3); 139.96 (d, C-4); 151.79 (s, C-6); 164.51 (s, C-2).
Biological activity	Possesses neurotropic activity
References	Przybył A. K., Kubicki M. A comparative study of dynamic NMR spectroscopy in analysis of selected N-alkyl-, N-acyl-, and halogenated cytisine derivatives // Journal of Molecular Structure. – 2011. – Vol. 985, No 2-3. – P. 157–166. doi:10.1016/j.molstruc.2010.10.036 <a href="https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S002286010008380">https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S002286010008380</a> Romanova M.A., R.B. Seidakhmetova, Toktarkhan N.A., Zhanymkhanova P.Zh., Adekenov S.M. The study of neurotropic action of alkaloids and their derivatives // News of the National Academy of Sciences of the Republic of Kazakhstan. Series of biological and medical. – 2019. – Vol. 3, No 333. – P. 56-63. doi.org/10.32014/2019.2519-1629.31 <a href="http://rmebrk.libgateway.psu.kz/journals/5173/10569.pdf#page=56">http://rmebrk.libgateway.psu.kz/journals/5173/10569.pdf#page=56</a>

## Ecdysterone

<p>The first structure shows the steroid nucleus with hydroxyl groups at C-3, C-14, C-16, C-18, and C-20. The second structure shows the side chain with hydroxyl groups at C-23 and C-24.</p>	CAS#	5289-74-7
	Synonyms:	[2 $\beta$ ,3 $\beta$ ,14 $\alpha$ ,20R,22R,25-Hexahydroxy-5 $\beta$ (H)-cholest-7-en-6-one], [Commisterone], [Crustecdysone], [Beta-Ecdysone], [20-Hydroxyecdysone], [Isoinokosterone], [Polypodin A], [Polypodin C], [Viticosterone].
	Gross formula:	C <sub>27</sub> H <sub>44</sub> O <sub>7</sub>
	Molecular weight:	480.64 g/mol
	HPLC Purity:	$\geq$ 98,5%
IR-spectrum (cm <sup>-1</sup> )	Melting Point:	241-243°C
	Colorless crystalline substance	
UV-spectrum (nm)	244 $\pm$ 2	
<sup>1</sup> H and <sup>13</sup> C NMR spectra	<p><sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO d-6, ppm, J1, 2, 3...n/Hz): 0.87 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub>-18); 0.94 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub>-19); 1.18-1.17 (9H, s, CH<sub>3</sub>-21, CH<sub>3</sub>-26, CH<sub>3</sub>-27); 1.22-1.31 (1H, m, H-24a); 1.35-1.45 (1H, m, H-11a); 1.53-1.55 (1H, m, H-23b); 1.56-1.62 (1H, m, H-11b); 1.63-1.65 (1H, m, H-12a); 1.67-1.70 (1H, m, H-15a); 1.70-1.75 (1H, m, H-1a); 1.72-1.82 (2H, m, H-4a, H-4b); 1.74-1.81 (1H, m, H-16a); 1.72-1.78 (1H, m, H-1b); 1.76-1.84 (1H, m, H-23a); 1.82-1.83 (1H, m, H-15b); 1.86-1.98 (1H, d, J=11.17, H-24b); 1.93-2.03 (1H, m, H-16b); 2.07-2.15 (1H, ddd, J=12.89, 6.44, 5.01, H-12<math>\beta</math>); 2.37-2.39 (1H, dd, J=16.59, 5.01, H-5); 2.35-2.39 (1H, m, H-17); 3.12-3.15 (1H, m, H-9); 3.32-3.33 (1H, m, H-22); 3.79-3.84 (1H, dt, J=11.89, 7.02, H-2); 3.92-3.94 (1H, m, H-3); 5.79 (1H, d, J=2.0, H-7).</p> <p><sup>13</sup>C NMR (125.76 MHz, DMSO d-6, ppm): 17.69 (q, C-18); 20.59 (q, C-21); 20.78 (t, C-16); 21.51 (t, C-11); 24.09 (q, C-19); 26.59 (t, C-23); 29.49 (q, C-27); 30.59 (q, C-26); 30.84 (t, C-15); 31.36 (t, C-12); 32.09 (t, C-4); 33.68 (d, C-9); 37.10 (t, C-1); 38.15 (s, C-10); 41.93 (t, C-24); 47.36 (s, C-13); 49.19 (d, C-17); 50.62 (d, C-5); 67.08 (d, C-2); 67.23 (d, C-3); 69.23 (c, C-25); 76.20 (s, C-20); 76.68 (d, C-22); 83.48 (s, C-14); 120.97 (d, C-7); 165.83 (s, C-8); 203.29 (s, C-6).</p>	
Biological activity	Possesses anabolic activity	
References	<p>Buděšínský M., Vokáč K., Harmatha J., Cvačka J. Additional minor ecdysteroid components of <i>Leuzea carthamoides</i>. Steroids. – 2008. – Vol. 73, No 5. – P. 502–514. doi:10.1016/j.steroids.2007.12.021</p> <p>Syrov V.N., Kurmukov A.G. Anabolic activity of phytoecdysone-ecdysterone isolated from <i>Rhaponticum</i></p>	

	<p><i>carthamoides</i> (Willd.) Iljin// Farmakologiiia i toksikologiiia. – 1976. – Vol. 39, No 6. – P. 690-693. <a href="https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/1030669/">https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/1030669/</a></p>
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